

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICTEUGENE, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014



2014-2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Lane Transit District Eugene, Oregon

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

Prepared by the Finance Department Todd Lipkin, Finance Manager/CFO Tom Schamber, Controller

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2015 and 2014

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	3-7
Board of Directors	8
Organizational Chart	9
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence Award	10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	13-15
Management's Discussion and Analysis	16-22
Basic Financial Statements	
Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	26-27
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	28
Statements of Cash Flows	29
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	30-56
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan	59
Schedule of Employer Contributions – LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan	60
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - LTD and ATU Pension Trust	61
Schedule of Employer Contributions – LTD and ATU Pension Trust	62
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress	63
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budget Basis:	
General Fund	67
Accessible Services Fund	68
Medicaid Fund	69
Canital Projects Fund	70

Table of Contents, Continued	<u>Page</u>
Reconciliation of Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	
on a Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to Changes in Net	
Position on a GAAP Basis	71
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trend Information	
Comparative Statements of Net Position	77
Changes in Net Position	78
Total Debt Outstanding	79
Demographic and Economic Information	
Principal Employers of Lane County	83
Demographic and Economic Statistics	84
Lane County Covered Payroll	85
Inflation Adjusted Annual Average Wages	86
Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area Economic Data Sheet	
Operating Information	
Expenditures and FTEs by Organizational Units	91
Capital Asset Statistics	92
Operating Revenue and Cost Measurements	93
Ridership, Service, and Productivity	94
Ridership, Fare, Service, and Productivity	95
Ridership, Service, and Service Area Population	96
Ridership Trends by Month	97
Passenger Boardings and Passenger Revenues	98
Passenger Revenues and Operating Costs	99
Transportation Revenues by Category	100
Annual Monthly Pass Sales	101
Passenger Revenues	102
Farebox Recovery Ratio	102
Fare Structure	103
Comparative Payroll Tax Information	
Miscellaneous Data	
DISCLOSURES AND COMMENTS REQUIRED BY	
STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS	
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations10)9-110

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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December 14, 2015

Board of Directors Lane Transit District P.O. Box 7070 Springfield, Oregon 97475-0470

It is our pleasure to submit to you the "Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" (CAFR) of the Lane Transit District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Oregon Statutes require that Lane Transit District publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed, certified public accountants.

The accuracy of the District's financial statements and the completeness and fairness of their presentation is the responsibility of District management. The District maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use and that financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of maintaining the system of internal accounting controls should not exceed benefits likely to be derived.

The District's financial statements were audited by Grove, Mueller & Swank, P.C., a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. The goal of this independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in all material respects in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented in the Financial Section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth above, the independent audit also was designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies as provided for in the Federal Single Audit Act and the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-133. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The results of the independent audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, indicated no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations. The independent auditor's reports, related specifically to the Single Audit and OMB Circular A-133, are contained in a separate report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is located in the Financial Section immediately following the independent auditor's report and precedes the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A.

District Overview

Lane Transit District (LTD) was established in 1970 under the laws of the State of Oregon that allowed the formation of transit districts as special taxing entities. The District began operating in the Eugene-Springfield area in 1970. LTD serves a population base of approximately 302,200, with a fleet of 113 buses that travel more than 3.5 million miles annually. Passenger boardings were approximately 10.6 million for FY15. In FY15, LTD provided more than 254,000 revenue hours of fixed-route service.

The boundaries of Lane Transit District fall entirely within Lane County, encompassing approximately 522 square miles. LTD serves the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area; the incorporated cities of Coburg, Creswell, Cottage Grove, Lowell, Veneta, and Junction City; and the unincorporated area along Highway 126 between Springfield and the McKenzie Bridge Ranger Station.

LTD is governed by a Board of Directors composed of seven members, each appointed by the governor of Oregon. Each Board member represents a subdistrict of LTD's service area. The Board is responsible for development of District policies and hires and directs the activities of the general manager. The general manager, in turn, directs the daily activities of the District and is responsible for the overall management of the District and its employees.

The District is committed to the successful implementation of total fixed-route accessibility and the successful operation of a demand-response/paratransit service for persons unable to use the fixed-route system. All of LTD's fixed-route buses are equipped with wheelchair lifts or ramps. The District also provides comparable demand-response services for those persons who are unable to use the fixed-route system. In addition to the fixed-route and demand-response services, LTD also offers Point2point, a transportation management service that promotes the use of alternative modes to area residents, groups, and businesses.

The District was empowered by the state legislature, under Oregon Revised Statutes 267, to impose an excise tax on every employer on the wages paid with respect to employment of individuals. The allowable rate has been gradually increased by amendment to the statute and the authority of the District's Board of Directors. On January 1, 2014, the District reached the statutorily allowed maximum rate of seven tenths of one percent of each dollar of wages paid (i.e., \$7 per \$1,000). Therefore, the rate remained unchanged in FY15.

The 2009 State Legislative Session amended ORS 267 to allow for a raise in the tax rate for both employers and self-employed persons subject to the tax, over a ten-year period, to eight tenths of one percent (i.e., \$8 per \$1,000). To do so, the LTD Board of Directors must first adopt a finding of economic recovery. The Board made such a finding in May 2015, and in September 2015, approved an increase to the maximum rate over the ten-year period beginning January 1, 2016.

For financial planning and control, the District prepares and adopts an annual budget in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 294.305 through 294.565. The legally adopted budget is at the fund/program level for current expenditures, with separate appropriations established for capital outlay, debt service, interfund transfers, and contingencies. Budgetary control is internally

administered at a more restrictive level. Budget-to-actual comparisons, for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted, are provided as supplementary information in this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local Economy

LTD serves the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area, which has an estimated population of 302,200. In June 2015, total nonfarm employment in Lane County was 152,800, compared to 149,000 in June 2014, representing an increase of 3,800 jobs in the last year.

	June 2011	June <u>2012</u>	June 2013	June <u>2014</u>	June <u>2015</u>
Civilian labor force	179,973	174,293	167,915	169,722	168,331
Unemployment	17,283	15,410	13,569	11,840	10,279
Unemployment rate	9.6%	8.8%	8.1%	7.0%	6.1%
Total employment	162,690	158,883	154,346	157,882	158,052
Total nonfarm employment	144,800	144,500	145,500	149,000	152,800
Percent annual change	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	2.4%	2.6%

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Since the economic downturn, with the unemployment rate reaching a peak of 13.5 percent in March 2009, jobs have slowly been returning; and the unemployment rate has fallen to 6.1 percent as of June 2015. This is slightly higher than the comparable rates of 5.5 percent for the State of Oregon and 5.3 percent for the United States as a whole. The June 2015 unemployment rate was 0.9 percent lower than for June 2014.

Long-Range Financial Plan

Annually, as part of the budget process, the District updates the rolling ten-year Long-Range Financial Plan. The Plan is reviewed in detail in a separate schedule that combines operating revenue and expenditure projections with capital outlay requirements as outlined in the Capital Improvements Program (CIP).

Major assumptions for the Long-Range Financial Plan, revised for the FY16 budget process, included the following:

- Payroll and self-employment tax revenues were assumed to grow 5 percent annually attributable
 to economic growth. The tax rate was assumed to increase by one tenth of one percent
 annually beginning on January 1, 2017, until reaching the new statutory maximum on January 1,
 2026. The rate increase would contribute additional tax revenues of 1.4 percent, on average.
- State-in-lieu revenues were assumed to grow 3 percent annually based on economic growth.

- Total personnel services expenditure growth will be 6.9 percent based on the assumptions of a
 fully staffed administrative function, increases in the required contribution to retirement plans,
 increases in medical insurance premiums, and the addition of 2.5 full-time equivalent employees.
 Total personnel services expenditure growth will be no more than 5 percent per year thereafter.
- Average fuel expenditures per gallon will not exceed an average of \$3.15 through FY16. Fuel price inflation will be 5 percent per year from FY17 through FY25.
- Materials and services costs, other than fuel, are expected to grow 2 percent annually. Risk management/insurance costs also are assumed to grow at 2 percent annually.
- Service levels are projected to increase General Fund expenditures \$667,000 in FY16. This
 resulted from enhancements to existing routes, such as later weekday service, additional trips on
 existing routes to address overcrowding, and new service that is designed to meet the demands
 created from the opening of the Veterans Affairs clinic in Eugene. Additional community
 investments in FY17 and FY18 along with implementation of West Eugene EmX Extension
 service in FY18 will further increase expenditures throughout the long-term horizon.

Major Initiatives

The District has a number of major initiatives that will have a significant impact in FY16.

- The West Eugene EmX Extension continues the construction phase, which is estimated to be completed in FY18. The District's FY16 budget appropriated \$72.7 million to complete the project, which is funded entirely by federal and state grants.
- The RideSource Call Center is developing a major software upgrade that will integrate tasks currently performed by numerous individual software programs--some developed more than 20 years ago. The software will result in greater efficiencies in paratransit and brokerage services. Implementation is expected in early 2016.
- A new fare management solution is being pursued to provide customers with additional fare
 purchase options, to provide flexibility in managing the fare structure, and to make it easier for
 bus operators to validate fares. Requests for proposals will be made in FY16.
- The District is purchasing five hybrid-electric and five fully-electric 40-foot buses at a total cost of \$6.9 million.
- The District has engaged in a cooperative effort, known as MovingAhead, with the City of Eugene, regional partners, and community members to determine what improvements are needed on some of our most important transportation corridors. This effort will be carried out through multiple phases over the next several years. The first phase of the effort will lead to the identification of locally preferred alternatives for several corridors, which will then undergo further development work. This development work will lead to capital investments related to the transit system as well as other modes of travel.
- In partnership with the City of Springfield, the District is working to identify and document existing
 and future transit problems and solutions along the Main Street-McVay corridor, which is a ninemile connection form the eastern portion of the city, through downtown to the existing LTD transit
 station, and continuing northwest along McVay highway to the campus of Lane Community
 College. Selection of a locally preferred alternative along this corridor is expected by June 2016.

Other Issues

Award

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its "Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a certificate, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such CAFRs must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The District has received this certificate for the past 19 years. The District believes its current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and is submitting it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgments

The timely preparation of the "Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" was made possible by the efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Division and Executive Office. The Finance Division appreciates and thanks all staff who assisted and contributed to the report's presentation. Staff also thanks the members of the LTD Board of Directors for their interest and support in managing the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Aurora Jackson General Manager

Todd Lipkin

Finance Manager/Chief Financial Officer

Tom Schamber, CPA

Controller

LTD Board of Directors

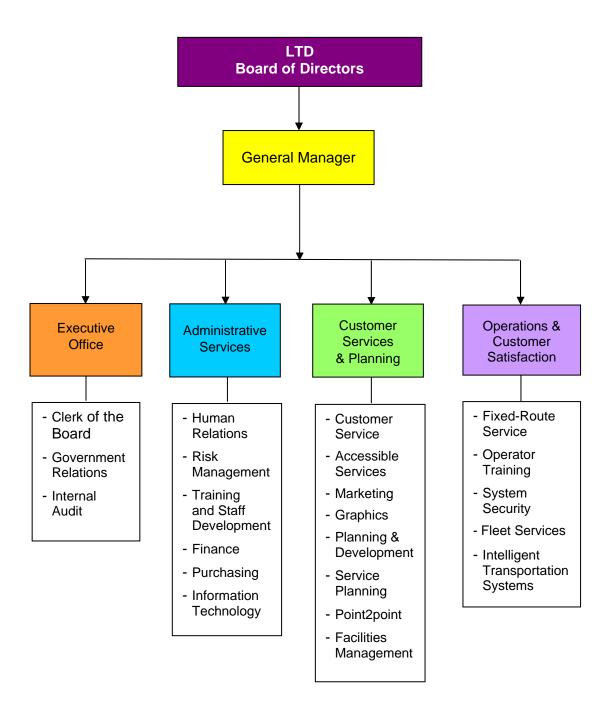
(Four-year Terms)

	Sub-District	Term <u>Expiration</u>
Angelynn Pierce	1	12/31/16
Carl Yeh, Vice President	2	12/31/16
Don Nordin	3	12/31/19
Ed Necker, Treasurer	4	12/31/17
Gary Gillespie	5	12/31/17
Gary Wildish, President	6	12/31/18
Julie Grossman, Secretary	7	12/31/16

General Manager

Aurora Jackson

LTD Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Lane Transit District Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Lane Transit District Springfield, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the statements of net position, statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows of Lane Transit District (the District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Lane Transit District, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in notes to the financial statements, the District adopted the accounting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date as of July 1, 2014, which resulted in the restatement of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) (pages 16 through 22), schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios – LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan (page 59), schedule of employer contributions – LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan (page 60), schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios – LTD and ATU Pension Trust (page 61), schedule of employer contributions – LTD and ATU Pension Trust (page 62), and schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress (page 63) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A and other schedules described above in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, introductory section and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards and Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 14, 2015, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, A Shareholder

December 14, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the Lane Transit District (LTD or the District) financial performance for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, providing an overview of the District's financial activity, and identifying changes in the District's financial position.

This MD&A is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report. As with other sections of the financial report, the information contained within the MD&A should be considered only as part of a greater whole. The reader of this MD&A should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the notes to financial statements and other supplementary information that is provided in addition to this MD&A. Additional information outside the scope of this analysis can be found in the Letter of Transmittal.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements consist of statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows. These statements offer short-and long-term financial information about all the District's activities. The notes to the financial statements contain more detail on some of the information presented in the financial statements. Over time, increases or decreases in net position, as reported on the statements of net position, may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The District's financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In FY15, the District adopted GASB Statements No. 68 and 71. These statements established new accounting and reporting rules related to pension plans that, most notably, include presenting the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the statement of net position. There are also a number of changes to the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Implementation of these statements required the restatement of FY14 financial statements to maintain comparability between the two years presented in this report. The financial statements are found on pages 26-29 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided within the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are found on pages 30-56 of this report.

Financial Summary

Net Position

		District Total		_			
	2014 2015 (As restated) 2013		2013	Increase (decrease) 2015 - 2014	Percentage Change 2015 - 2014	Increase (decrease) 2014 - 2013	Percentage Change 2014 - 2013
Assets							
Current assets Capital assets, net of depreciation Other assets	\$ 56,639,732 125,447,247	\$ 41,747,999 113,337,904	\$ 37,774,109 114,242,299 1,068,705	\$ 14,891,733 12,109,343	35.7% 10.7% 0.0%	\$ 3,973,890 (904,395) (1,068,705)	10.5% -0.8% -100.0%
Total assets	182,086,979	155,085,903	153,085,113	27,001,076	17.4%	2,000,790	1.3%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,540,509	1,693,168		(152,659)	-9.0%	1,693,168	N/A
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	183,627,488	156,779,071	153,085,113	26,848,417	17.1%	3,693,958	2.4%
Liabilities							
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	22,159,541 23,454,799	10,036,528 22,635,145	9,926,804 4,167,895	12,123,013 819,654	120.8% 3.6%	109,724 18,467,250	1.1% 443.1%
Total liabilities	45,614,340	32,671,673	14,094,699	12,942,667	39.6%	18,576,974	131.8%
Deferred inflows of resources	712,072	1,784,272		(1,072,200)	-60.1%	1,784,272	N/A
Net position							
Investment in capital assets Restricted for Accessible Services	125,447,247	113,337,904	114,242,299	12,109,343	10.7%	(904,395)	-0.8%
and Medicaid programs	440,273	398,255	436,632	42,018	10.6%	(38,377)	-8.8%
Unrestricted	11,413,556	8,586,967	24,311,483	2,826,589	32.9%	(15,724,516)	-64.7%
Total net position	137,301,076	122,323,126	138,990,414	14,977,950	12.2%	(16,667,288)	-12.0%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 183,627,488	\$ 156,779,071	\$ 153,085,113	\$ 26,848,417	17.1%	\$ 3,693,958	2.4%

FY15

The District's total assets increased \$27 million (17.4 percent) in FY15, from \$155.1 million to \$182.1 million. Current assets increased \$14.9 million, predominately from increases to grants receivable and taxes receivable. The net book value of capital assets increased \$12.1 million with the addition of \$23.3 million in new assets offset by depreciation expense of \$11.2 million.

The District's total liabilities increased \$12.9 million (39.6 percent) in FY15 from \$32.7 million to \$45.6 million. This is largely attributable to increases in accounts payable (\$2.9 million) and increases in unearned revenue resulting from receipt of state lottery bond proceeds to be used in future construction of the West Eugene EmX Extension (\$9.3 million).

The net position of the District increased \$15 million (12.2 percent) in FY15, from \$122.3 million to \$137.3 million. Of this amount, \$11.4 million was unrestricted, an increase of \$2.8 million from the prior year. The remaining portion of net position is invested in capital assets or restricted for use in Accessible Services and Medicaid programs.

FY14

The District's total assets increased \$2 million (1.3 percent) in FY14, from \$153.1 million to \$155.1 million. Current assets increased \$4 million, predominately from increases to grants receivable. The net book value of capital assets decreased \$.9 million with the addition of \$9.6 million in new assets offset by depreciation expenses of \$10.5 million.

The District's total liabilities increased \$18.6 million (131.8 percent) in FY14, from \$14.1 million to \$32.7 million. Of this increase, \$17.1 million is attributable to the retroactive implementation of a new accounting standard, GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, under which the net pension liability for each of the District's pension plans are now recorded on the face of the Statement

of Net Position. The remainder of the increase is in accounts payable (\$1.8 million) and increases in net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) obligations (\$.6 million), offset by decreases in compensated absences payable (\$1 million) reflective of a large number of retirements in the year.

The net position of the District decreased \$16.7 million (12 percent) in FY14, from \$139 million to \$122.3 million. Of this amount, \$8.6 million was unrestricted, a decrease of \$15.7 million from the prior year. The remaining portion of net position is invested in capital assets or restricted for use in Accessible Services and Medicaid programs. The overall decrease in net position is the result of the aforementioned change in accounting standards relating to pensions.

Changes in Net Position

	District Totals						1	B			D	
		2015		2014 (As restated)		2013		Increase (decrease) 2015 - 2014	Percentage Change 2015 - 2014		Increase (decrease) 2014 - 2013	Percentage Change 2014 - 201
Revenues												
Operating revenues												
Passenger fares	\$	7,200,332	\$	6,948,609	\$	6,914,308	\$	251,723	3.6%	\$. ,	0.5%
Accessible Services and Medicaid		13,173,252		9,857,780		9,394,430		3,315,472	33.6%		463,350	4.9%
Advertising		437,950		460,000		287,500		(22,050)	-4.8%		172,500	60.09
Special services		255,587		324,531		439,110		(68,944)	-21.2%		(114,579)	-26.19
lonoperating revenues												
Employer payroll tax		30,981,560		25,374,737		24,891,777		5,606,823	22.1%		482,960	1.99
Self-employment tax		1,683,987		1,647,329		1,576,826		36,658	2.2%		70,503	4.59
State payroll assessment		609,978		1,914,665		1,941,063		(1,304,687)	-68.1%		(26,398)	-1.49
Federal assistance		6,001,519		5,993,929		6,563,936		7,590	0.1%		(570,007)	-8.79
State assistance		29,688		723,888		-		(694,200)	-95.9%		723,888	N/
Local assistance		57,910		48,301		13,700		9,609	19.9%		34,601	252.69
Interest		52,359		85,619		77,171		(33,260)	-38.8%		8,448	10.99
Facility rental and other nonoperating revenues		375,877		318,026		311,639		57,851	18.2%		6,387	2.0
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(2,877)		13,052		7,635	_	(15,929)	-122.0%		5,417	70.99
otal operating and nonoperating revenues		60,857,122	_	53,710,466		52,419,095	_	7,146,656	13.3%	_	1,291,371	2.5%
Operating expenses												
Personnel services		27,919,217		26,037,899		26,666,847		1,881,318	7.2%		(628,948)	-2.49
Materials and services		9,604,093		9,496,751		8,313,177		107,342	1.1%		1,183,574	14.29
Insurance		1,017,707		1,125,978		833,689		(108,271)	-9.6%		292,289	35.19
Accessible Services and Medicaid		14,617,685		12,314,118		10,841,746		2,303,567	18.7%		1,472,372	13.69
Depreciation		11,152,433		10,519,936		10,561,286		632,497	6.0%		(41,350)	-0.49
OPEB expense		461,715		555,778		614,905		(94,063)	-16.9%		(59,127)	-9.69
otal operating expenses	_	64,772,850		60,050,460		57,831,650		4,722,390	7.9%	_	2,218,810	3.89
oss before contributions	_	(3,915,728)	_	(6,339,994)	_	(5,412,555)	_	2,424,266	-38.2%	_	(927,439)	17.19
Capital contributions	_	18,893,678	_	8,564,456	_	2,165,876	_	10,329,222	120.6%	_	6,398,580	295.49
Changes in net position		14,977,950		2,224,462		(3,246,679)		12,753,488	573.3%		5,471,141	-168.59
otal net position beginning of period		122,323,126		138,990,414	_	142,237,093		2,224,462	1.6%	_	(22,138,429)	-15.69
Cumulative effect of restatement			_	(18,891,750)								
otal net position beginning of period (restated)				120,098,664								
otal net position end of period	•	137,301,076	_	122,323,126	_	138,990,414	\$	14,977,950	12.2%	\$	(16,667,288)	-12.0

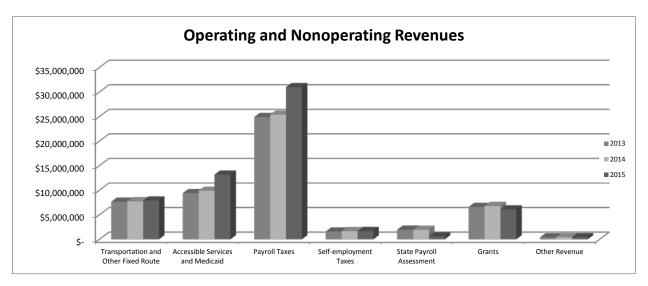
FY15

The District's net position increased \$15 million in FY15 to \$137.3 million. Total revenues were up \$7.1 million (13.3 percent), offset by an increase in total expenses of \$4.7 million (7.9 percent). Capital contributions of \$18.9 million also contributed to the favorable change in net position.

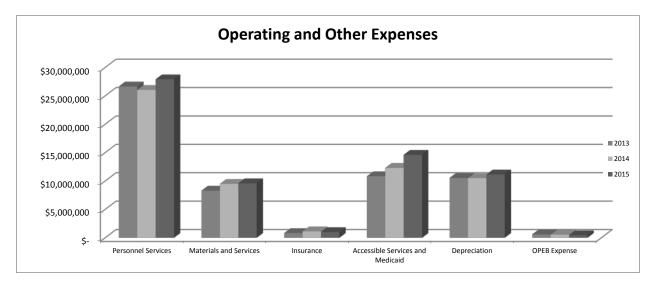
Operating revenues of \$21.1 million reflect an increase of 19.8 percent in FY15. Most of this increase was attributable to continuing growth in Accessible Services and Medicaid programs. Passenger fares increased 3.6 percent.

Nonoperating revenues of \$39.8 million were up 10.2 percent in FY15. Payroll tax receipts were favorably impacted by a steadily increasing economy combined with a full year of taxes at the

maximum tax rate compared with the prior year in which the rate was only increased for the last half of the fiscal year. Tax collections increased \$5.6 million. This increase was offset by the reduction of state payroll assessments collected by \$1.3 million.



Operating expenses of \$64.8 million were up 7.9 percent in FY15. Personnel services were up 7.2 percent (\$1.9 million). While overall staffing was flat, half of the increase is the result of full staffing for a larger portion of the year compared to the prior year, combined with increased retirement and health insurance costs of \$1 million. Increases in Accessible Services and Medicaid of 18.7 percent were driven by strong demand for those programs. Materials and services were held steady attributable to low fuel costs. The charge for depreciation was also up 6 percent (\$.6 million).



Capital contributions reflect funds received from federal, state, and local sources for use in capital projects. This component of the change in net position can vary significantly from year to year depending on the number and type of capital projects undertaken. Details of capital spending can be found below in the capital assets portion of this analysis.

FY14

The District's net position decreased \$16.7 million in FY14 to \$122.3 million. The beginning net position was restated by \$18.9 million as the result of the retroactive implementation of a new

accounting standard, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, under which the net pension liability for each of the District's pension plans are now recorded on the face of the Statement of Net Position. Total revenues were up \$1.3 million (2.5 percent), offset by an increase in total expenses of \$2.2 million (3.8 percent). Capital contributions of \$8.6 million eased the reduction in net position.

Operating revenues of \$17.6 million reflect an increase of 3.3 percent in FY14. Most of this increase was attributable to increased demand for Accessible Services and Medicaid programs resulting from expanded Medicaid eligibility guidelines implemented by the State of Oregon as of January 1, 2014.

Nonoperating revenues of \$36.1 million were up 2.1 percent in FY14. A large factor in this change was an increase in the employer payroll tax and self-employment tax rates from 0.69 percent to 0.70 percent effective January 1, 2014, coupled with a modestly improving economy to boost tax collections of \$.6 million. While federal operating assistance was down 8.7 percent for the year, an increase in state assistance related to the now-ended Business Energy Tax Credit program offset the impact.

Operating expenses of \$60.1 million were up 3.8 percent in FY14. Increases in materials and services and Accessible Services and Medicaid of 14.2 percent and 13.6 percent, respectively, drove the overall increase. Materials and services expenses increased as a result of \$.7 million in preventive maintenance projects, \$.3 million in non-capitalized service planning expenses, and \$.3 million in litigation expenses related to the West Eugene EmX Extension project. Accessible Services and Medicaid expenses were impacted by broadened eligibility for services, as mentioned earlier. Fuel costs, though a significant component of materials and service expenses, decreased 0.8 percent due to a combination of market pricing, implementation of fuel-saving operational technologies, and the use of offsite fuel storage capacity, which allows the District to take advantage of lower market prices when they arise. Insurance expenses are 35.1 percent higher than the prior year, but this is reflective of an unusually low expense in FY13 rather than a notable increase in FY14.

Capital contributions reflect funds received from federal, state, and local sources for use in capital projects. This component of the change in net position can vary significantly from year to year depending on the number and type of capital projects undertaken. Details of capital spending can be found below in the capital assets portion of this analysis.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the District had invested \$125.4 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a variety of capital assets.

		District Totals								
			2013	Increase (decrease) 2015 - 2014		Percentage Change 2015 - 2014	Increase (decrease) 2014 - 2013	Percentage Change 2014 - 2013		
Land	\$ 12,057,49	6 \$	8,708,370	\$	8,708,370	\$	3,349,126	38.5%	\$ -	0.0%
Freestanding public art	366,91	7	366,917		366,917		-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Construction in progress	26,809,41	5	11,253,541		4,155,519		15,555,874	138.2%	7,098,022	170.8%
Busways	32,088,82	9	34,389,800		36,731,411		(2,300,971)	-6.7%	(2,341,611)	-6.4%
Rolling stock and related equipment	23,240,40	2	24,605,064		28,668,963		(1,364,662)	-5.5%	(4,063,899)	-14.2%
Stations, shelters, and bus signs	9,228,78	0	10,426,073		10,603,767		(1,197,293)	-11.5%	(177,694)	-1.7%
Buildings and improvements	18,302,79	0	19,679,255		20,873,130		(1,376,465)	-7.0%	(1,193,875)	-5.7%
Accessible Services vehicles	1,035,84	6	1,391,302		1,811,158		(355,456)	-25.5%	(419,856)	-23.2%
Other equipment and support vehicles	2,316,77	2	2,517,582		2,323,064		(200,810)	-8.0%	194,518	8.4%
	\$ 125,447,24	7 \$	113,337,904	\$	114,242,299	\$	12,109,343	10.7%	\$ (904,395)	-0.8%

FY15

In FY15, the District spent \$23.3 million for capital acquisition and construction, approximately 81 percent of which was reimbursed by federal and state governments. Of this amount, \$15.8 million was spent for construction activities related to the West Eugene EmX Extension project. Other expenditures included \$3.3 million for acquisition of land to be used for a future transit station, \$2.9 million for the purchase of buses, \$1.3 million for new computer hardware and software, passenger boarding improvements, facilities improvements, and purchase of an Accessible Services vehicle. Overall, the District's net position in capital assets increased by \$12.1 million after the charge for depreciation.

FY14

In FY14, the District spent \$9.6 million for capital acquisition and construction, approximately 89 percent of which was reimbursed by the federal government. Of this amount, \$7.2 million was spent for design and pre-construction activities related to the West Eugene EmX Extension project. Other expenditures included \$.9 million for construction of Pavilion Station and other shelters and \$.6 million for new computer hardware and software. Overall, the District's net position in capital assets decreased by \$.9 million after the charge for depreciation.

Note 3(d) (page 39) contains additional detail information about capital assets activity.

Economic Factors and Related Budget Impact

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the long-term impacts of the local economy were examined in conjunction with business decisions made by the District. Following are the major assumptions used in developing the FY16 budget:

- The local economy continues to grow. Total nonfarm payroll employment increased by 3,800 jobs, from 149,000 to 152,800. The county's unemployment rate declined from 7 percent to 6.1 percent.
- Economic growth is expected to contribute to an increase in payroll and self-employment tax receipts by 5 percent.
- Passenger fares should increase slightly due to ridership gains resulting from service additions.
- Staff belonging to the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 757 will increase by six bus operators
 and one journeyman mechanic to accommodate additional service investments. The latest
 contract with the union, ratified and adopted effective July 1, 2014, will keep personnel services
 costs managed and predictable.
- The West Eugene EmX Extension project will continue major construction in FY16. The project will be funded entirely from federal and state grant funds. The District has appropriated \$72.7 million in the FY16 budget to complete the project. The Federal Transportation Administration has fully apportioned its share of funding for the project. The Construction Manager/General Contractor contract for services was executed in May 2014. Service is expected to begin in 2017.
- Approximately \$3.4 million will be spent to satisfy matching requirements for federal capital grants used to purchase three hybrid-electric articulated buses, ten hybrid-electric 40-foot buses, new software for the RideSource Call Center, and other preventive maintenance projects.

• Due to increased demand and flat funding levels for elderly and disabled transportation by the state, general fund operating support of Accessible Services programs is expected to increase 54 percent.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Finance Division Lane Transit District P.O. Box 7070 Springfield, OR 97475-0470

Basic Financial Statements

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Statements of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015	(2014 As restated)
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Unrestricted	\$	6,011,081	\$	15,286,833
Restricted	,	13,608,946	•	4,203,898
Accounts receivable		973,288		1,744,430
Taxes receivable		9,316,919		5,157,198
Grants receivable		23,402,140		12,011,259
Due from other governments		-		391,208
Inventory of parts and supplies		2,971,302		2,645,942
Prepaid expenses		296,056		247,231
Deposits		60,000		60,000
Total current assets		56,639,732		41,747,999
Capital assets				
Land		12,057,496		8,708,370
Freestanding public art		366,917		366,917
Construction in progress		26,809,415		11,253,541
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		86,213,419		93,009,076
Net capital assets		125,447,247		113,337,904
Total assets		182,086,979		155,085,903
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows - LTD ATU Pension Trust		1,112,696		1,078,551
Deferred outflows - LTD Salaried Employees' Plan		427,813		614,617
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,540,509	_	1,693,168
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	183,627,488	\$	156,779,071

		2015	(2014 As restated)
Liabilities				7.0.700.000
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	6,275,969	\$	3,330,723
Accrued payroll	Ψ	468,697	Ψ	398,079
Payroll withholdings and taxes		35,567		37,109
Accrued pension		90,030		78,480
Accrued vacation and sick leave		847,773		747,047
Unearned revenue		13,969,215		4,656,573
Employee HRA liability		-		444,049
Other current liabilities		472,290		344,468
Total current liabilities		22,159,541		10,036,528
Noncurrent liabilities Accrued vacation and sick leave		1,835,368		1,898,733
Net OPEB obligation		4,121,038		3,659,323
Net pension liability - LTD ATU Pension Trust		11,685,045		11,813,738
Net pension liability - LTD Salaried Employee's Plan		5,813,348		5,263,351
Total noncurrent liabilities		23,454,799		22,635,145
Total liabilities		4F 614 240		22 674 672
rotal liabilities		45,614,340		32,671,673
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows - LTD ATU Pension Trust		712,072		895,356
Deferred inflows - LTD Salaried Employees' Plan				888,916
Total deferred inflows of resources		712,072	-	1,784,272
Net position				
Investment in capital assets		125,447,247		113,337,904
Restricted for Accessible Services and Medicaid programs		440,273		398,255
Unrestricted		11,413,556		8,586,967
Total net position		137,301,076		122,323,126
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Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	183,627,488	\$	156,779,071

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014 (As restated)
Operating revenues	_		_	
Passenger fares	\$	7,200,332	\$	6,948,609
Special services		255,587		324,531
Accessible Services and Medicaid		13,173,252		9,857,780
Advertising		437,950		460,000
Total operating revenues		21,067,121	_	17,590,920
Operating expenses				
Personnel services		27,919,217		26,037,899
Materials and services		9,604,093		9,496,751
Insurance		1,017,707		1,125,978
Accessible Services and Medicaid		14,617,685		12,314,118
Depreciation		11,152,433		10,519,936
OPEB expense		461,715		555,778
Total operating expenses		64,772,850	_	60,050,460
Operating loss		(43,705,729)		(42,459,540)
Nonoperating revenues				
Employer payroll tax, net of state administrative fees (2015, \$483,243; 2014, \$506,660) Self-employment tax, net of state administrative fees		30,981,560		25,374,737
(2015, \$78,647; 2014, \$94,091)		1,683,987		1,647,329
State payroll assessment		609,978		1,914,665
Federal assistance		6,001,519		5,993,929
State assistance		29,688		723,888
Local assistance		57,910		48,301
Interest		52,359		85,619
Facility rental and other nonoperating revenues		375,877		318,026
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(2,877)		13,052
Total nonoperating revenues		39,790,001	_	36,119,546
Loss before capital contributions		(3,915,728)		(6,339,994)
Capital contributions				
Federal and state grants for capital acquisition		18,893,678	_	8,564,456
Changes in net position		14,977,950		2,224,462
Total net position beginning of period		122,323,126		120,098,664
Total net position end of period	\$	137,301,076	\$	122,323,126

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statements of Cash Flows For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014 (As restated)
Cash flows from operating activities	-	2015		(As restated)
Cash received from customers	\$	22,150,914	\$	17,726,552
Cash received from other sources	Ψ	375,877	Ψ	318,026
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(25,428,054)		(22,205,116)
Cash paid to employees for services		(28,751,408)		(27,590,413)
Net cash used for operating activities		(31,652,671)	_	(31,750,951)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Employer payroll tax		26,838,078		26,166,307
Self-employment tax		1,667,748		1,634,561
State payroll assessment		1,001,186		2,047,372
Federal operating grant		5,423,354		5,011,307
State operating grant		30,968		722,608
Local operating grant		57,910	_	48,301
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		35,019,244		35,630,456
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Contribution from federal and state agencies		17,074,661		990,631
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		9,892		13,052
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(20,374,189)	_	(7,934,780)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(3,289,636)		(6,931,097)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest receipts		52,359		85,619
Net cash provided by investing activities		52,359		85,619
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		129,296		(2,965,973)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		19,490,731		22,456,704
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	19,620,027	\$	19,490,731
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(43,705,729)	æ	(42,459,540)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	φ	(43,703,729)	φ	(42,439,340)
used for operating activities				
Depreciation		11,152,433		10,519,936
Decrease in net pension liability		(498,237)		(654,852)
OPEB expense		461,715		555,778
Facility rental and other nonoperating revenues		375,877		318,026
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		771,142		228,500
(Increase) decrease in inventory of parts and supplies		(325,360)		408,673
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(48,825)		41,127
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		389,222		158,745
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related liabilities		117,987		(935,189)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		312,652		(78,495)
Increase (decrease) in health reimbursement account liability		(444,049)		28,978
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		(211,499)	_	117,362
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(31,652,671)	\$	(31,750,951)

LTD disposed of capital assets with a net book value of 7,758 and 0 in years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted and restricted amounts.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Lane Transit District (LTD or the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

(a) Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

Based upon the above criteria, the District does not have any component units that require inclusion in the financial statements. Conversely, the District is not a component unit of another government.

(b) Organization and Operation

The District was organized under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 267 to provide mass transit services to the Eugene-Springfield area. Formation of the District was effective November 23, 1970, with the assumption of the operations of a privately owned bus system. Under ORS 267, the District is authorized to levy taxes and charge fares to pay for the operations of the District. LTD also is authorized to issue general obligation bonds and revenue bonds.

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors appointed by the Governor of the State of Oregon. Board members represent and must live in certain geographical subdistricts. The Board of Directors sets District policy, levies taxes, appropriates funds, adopts budgets, and performs other duties required by state and federal law. Board members are not compensated for their time.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating governmental functions and activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equities, revenues, and expenditures (expenses).

(c) Basis of Accounting and Revenue Recognition

The District's financial statements are presented as a single-proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations and activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income.

The financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, depreciation of assets is recognized as an expense in the statements of revenues, and expenses and changes in net position and all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the statements of net position.

Operating revenues consist primarily of passenger fares. The District also recognizes contracted service revenue and transit advertising revenue as operating revenue. Operating expenses are the costs of operating the District, including depreciation on capital assets. Capital contributions include grant revenue and other contributions related to capital asset acquisitions or construction. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District has no allowance for doubtful accounts. Past experience has shown that uncollectible amounts are likely to be insignificant.

(d) Tax Revenues

Funding of day-to-day operations is primarily provided by the payroll tax imposed by the District pursuant to ORS 267.380 and the self-employment tax imposed by the District pursuant to ORS 267.385. The payroll tax is imposed on employers with respect to wages earned within the District service area. An employer is not permitted to deduct any portion of the tax from the wages of an employee. The self-employment tax is imposed on self-employed individuals with respect to their net earnings generated within the District service area. The District currently imposes these taxes at a rate of 0.7 percent of the wages paid to individuals (for payroll tax) and net earnings from self-employed individuals (for self-employment tax). The taxes are collected on the District's behalf by the Department of Revenue of the State of Oregon under an agreement entered into pursuant to ORS 305.620. Imposed tax revenues are recorded as assets and revenues in the period that the obligation is incurred by the employers and the self-employed individuals. Amounts accrued are estimated based upon current cash receipts and are trued up in the period that cash is collected.

(e) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are assets set aside to meet externally imposed legal and contractual obligations. Restricted assets are used in accordance with their requirements. Where both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, restricted resources are used first, and then unrestricted resources are used as they are needed. Restricted assets are current assets restricted for use in Accessible Services and Medicaid programs.

(f) Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool and financial institutions, and marketable securities with original maturities of three months or less.

ORS Chapter 294 authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities, certain bankers' acceptances and corporate indebtedness, repurchase agreements, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments with original maturities of less than one year are accounted for at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. Remaining investments are accounted for at fair value.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers "cash" to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments that are readily converted into known amounts of cash or so near maturity they present insignificant risk of changes in value as a result of changes in interest rates.

(g) Grant Receivables

Grant receivables are recorded in accordance with the nonexchange guidance. Accordingly, receivables are recorded when all eligibility criteria have been met.

(h) Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories of fuel, lubricants, parts, and supplies are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the average-cost method.

Payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid expenses.

(i) Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are stated at cost, except for donated capital assets, which are stated at the fair market value on the date of donation. Expenditures for additions and improvements with a value in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor improvements are charged to operations as incurred. Upon disposal of capital assets, the accounts are relieved of the related costs and accumulated depreciation, and the resulting gains or losses are reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as other revenue.

Capital assets, excluding land, freestanding public art, and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is an accounting process to allocate the cost of capital assets to expense in a systematic and rational manner to those periods expected to benefit from the use of capital assets. Depreciation is not intended to represent an estimate in the decline of fair market value, nor are capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, intended to represent an estimate of the current condition of the assets or the maintenance requirements needed to maintain the assets at their current level of condition.

Revenue rolling stock is depreciated using a twelve-year life as suggested by the U.S. Government Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Busways are depreciated over twenty years. Shelters, stations, and buildings have estimated useful lives of ten to forty years. Accessible Services vehicles have estimated useful lives of four to seven years. Useful lives for furniture and other equipment range from three to thirty years.

(j) Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a

future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

(k) Compensated Absences

The liability for vested or accumulated leave pay is recorded as the benefits accrue to employees. Vacation pay is payable upon termination, retirement, or death for both union and nonunion employees. Sick leave is recorded at approximately 50 percent of total accumulated benefits based on the estimated total benefits to be paid to employees prior to or at retirement or separation from service.

(I) Unearned Revenue

Income from pass sales that relates to succeeding months is recognized when earned. Receipts in excess of related Medicaid program expenditures are recognized as revenues or refunded when program review is completed by the Oregon Department of Human Services. Manufacturers' rebates are recognized as revenue when grant-related conditions for application are met. Pass-through proceeds from the sale of State of Oregon Lottery bonds are recognized as revenues when grant-related conditions are met.

(m) Employee HRA Liability

Expense for eligible employees' health reimbursement accounts (HRAs) is recorded in the month earned by the employee. A liability is recorded when made available to the employee for disbursement. In January 2015, the District chose to convert this benefit to a funded voluntary employee beneficiary association (VEBA), thereby eliminating the HRA liability from that point forward.

(n) Net position

Net investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets reduced by amounts of accumulated depreciation and amounts related to issued debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of those assets. Restricted net position consists of net position for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position not included in the above categories.

(o) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reporting amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

(p) New Pronouncements

During FY15, the District implemented the following GASB pronouncements:

- Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through as trusts and equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.
- Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

(a) Budgets and Appropriations

The District uses the following budgetary funds to account for its activities:

- General Fund: This fund accounts for the financial resources of the District that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are passenger fares, advertising and special services, employer payroll and self-employment taxes, State of Oregon payroll assessments, federal operating assistance, and interest. Primary expenditures are for personnel services, materials and services, insurance, and interfund transfers to support accessible services and capital acquisition programs.
- Accessible Services Fund: This fund is used to account for the financial resources received primarily from federal and state grants restricted to use for accessible services programs, primarily for seniors and persons with disabilities, which complement regular fixed-route service. Primary revenue sources include State of Oregon Special Transportation Fund (STF) dollars, federal grants, and interfund transfers from the General Fund. Primary expenditures are for contract services, program administration, and interfund transfers of local match funds for program capital asset acquisitions.
- Medicaid Fund: This fund is used to account for the financial resources received from federal and state Medicaid programs restricted to use for these programs. The Medicaid program provides transportation services to individuals who qualify for Oregon Health Plan (OHP) Plus medical coverage. With the opening of the RideSource Call Center on May 19, 2008, the District became the countywide broker for all Medicaid nonemergency medical transportation (NEMT) trips. Trips are provided door to door in most cases. Primary revenue sources are reimbursements for services provided; federal, state, and local grants; and interfund transfers from the General Fund. Primary expenditures are for contract services and program administration.
- Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used
 for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. The primary revenue sources are
 federal and state grants and transfers from the General Fund and Accessible Services
 Fund.

The structure of the funds outlined above is in conformity with Oregon Local Budget Law (Oregon Revised Statutes 294.305 to 294.595). Budgetary basis revenues and expenditures

are recognized on the modified accrual basis. The treatment of capital expenditures, pension expenses, and other post-employment benefits is the principal difference between the budgetary basis and the accrual basis. Capital expenditures on a budgetary basis are recorded as current expenditures.

The General Manager submits a proposed operating and capital budget to the Budget Committee a sufficient length of time in advance to allow adoption of the budget prior to July 1. The operating and capital projects budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

The District legally adopts its annual budget prior to July 1 through passage of a resolution. The resolution authorizes appropriations by fund and at broad classification levels for personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, and contingency. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at these control levels. Appropriations that have not been spent at year-end expire.

The Board of Directors, by resolution, may amend the budget as originally adopted. In June 2015, the Board adopted a single amendment to the budget necessitated by a significant increase in demand for Medicaid services resulting from a change in eligibility guidelines by the State of Oregon.

(b) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to restrict a portion of the appropriation, is employed for administrative control purposes during the year. Encumbrances at year-end do not constitute expenses or liabilities.

3. Detail Notes

(a) Cash

Cash at June 30 consisted of the following:

Cash:	2015	2014
Cash on hand Demand deposits with financial institutions	\$ 4,400 2,449,203	\$ 4,100 2,126,983
State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool Total cash	17,166,424 \$ 19,620,027	17,359,648 \$ 19,490,731
	· , ,	<u>. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>
Cash is reflected in the balance sheet as follows: Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 6,011,081 13,608,946	\$ 15,286,833 4,203,898
Total cash	\$19,620,027	<u>\$ 19,490,731</u>

Deposits

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District's book balance in the general operating account was \$2,449,203 and \$2,126,983, respectively, and the bank balance was \$2,303,176 and \$2,230,754, respectively. The difference is due to transactions in process. As of June 30, 2015, the District had deposits of \$250,000 insured by federal depository insurance and \$2,053,176 collateralized in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes. As of June 30, 2014, the District had deposits of \$250,000 insured by federal depository insurance and \$1,980,754 collateralized in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes.

Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 294 authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, certain bankers' acceptances, and corporate indebtedness, repurchase agreements, the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, time certificates of deposits, and various interest-bearing bonds of Oregon municipalities. The District's investment objectives, as stated in the District's Investment Policy, are as follows:

- Preservation of capital and the protection of investment principal
- Conformance with all federal and state statutes
- Maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements
- Diversification to avoid unreasonable risks
- Attainment of an investment return appropriate for the portfolio, using the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) as the performance yardstick

The District's position in the LGIP at June 30, 2015 and 2014, is stated at cost, which is not materially different than fair value.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maximum maturity of its investment portfolio to one year or less.

Credit Risk

The District does not have a formally adopted policy for credit risk in regards to its investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires that at least \$1 million be held outside of the LGIP and in accordance with State of Oregon statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits and Investments

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk of loss of funds due to the event of a bank failure. In order to minimize this risk, ORS Chapter 295 governs the collateralization of certain Oregon public funds, including requiring that banks holding public funds become members of the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP), a multiple financial institution collateral pool created by the Office of the State Treasurer. All banks holding funds in the District's name were properly included on the list of qualified depositories maintained by the Oregon State Treasurer.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held, requires all investments purchased to be held in the District's name, and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty.

A portion of the District's funds are invested in an external investment pool. The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an open-ended, diversified portfolio offered to eligible participants including Oregon municipalities and political subdivisions. The Oregon State Treasurer's Office manages the LGIP in the same manner it oversees the management of the State's funds and in accordance with the prudent investor rule. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). Investments of the LGIP are governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the OSTF, which establishes diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. The OSTF is not managed as a stable net asset value fund, and it is not currently rated by an independent rating agency. The OSTF is an external investment pool as defined by GASB Statement No. 59. The net asset value per share is calculated by the Oregon State Treasurer's Office and approximates fair value. The LGIP is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The State's investment policies are governed by Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council (Council). The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council. Investments in the LGIP are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Fund Board.

The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's office audits the OSTF annually. The Division's report on the OSTF, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, was unmodified and may be obtained online at the State of Oregon's website at www.oregon.gov.

(b) Receivables

Accounts

Unrestricted accounts receivable at June 30 consisted of the following:

	 2015	_	2014
Passenger fares	\$ 237,487	\$	436,606
Medicaid reimbursement	172,724		451,767
Medicaid nonmedical reimbursement	173,018		342,515
Medicaid developmental disability reimbursement	365,157		363,379
Miscellaneous	 24,902		150,163
Total accounts receivable	\$ 973,288	\$	1,744,430

<u>Taxes</u>

Unrestricted taxes receivable at June 30 consisted of the following:

	 2015	 2014
Employer payroll taxes Self-employment taxes	\$ 9,265,912 51,007	\$ 5,122,430 34,768
Total unrestricted	\$ 9,316,919	\$ 5,157,198

Grants

Grants receivable at June 30 consisted of the following:

	 2015	 2014
Unrestricted federal grants	\$ 22,767,237	\$ 11,339,681
Unrestricted state grants	 27,527	 1,280
Total unrestricted grants	22,794,764	11,340,961
Grants restricted for Accessible Services and Medicaid	 607,376	 670,298
Total grants receivable	\$ 23,402,140	\$ 12,011,259

(c) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of current assets that are restricted for Accessible Services and Medicaid programs.

The components of the restricted assets, liabilities payable from restricted assets, and restricted net positions as of June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Se	Accessible ervices and Medicaid	Ca	apital Projects	Total
Restricted assets					
Cash and investments	\$	405,058	\$	13,203,888	\$ 13,608,946
Accounts receivable		713,400		-	713,400
Federal and state grants receivable		607,376			 607,376
Total restricted assets		1,725,834		13,203,888	14,929,722
Liabilities payable from restricted assets					
Accounts payable		(771,698)		-	(771,698)
Unearned revenue		(513,863)		(13,203,888)	 (13,717,751)
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		(1,285,561)		(13,203,888)	 (14,489,449)
Total net restricted assets	\$	440,273	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 440,273

The components of the restricted assets, liabilities payable from restricted assets, and restricted net positions as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Accessible Services and Medicaid	Capital Projects	Total
Restricted assets			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 4,203,898	\$ 4,203,898
Accounts receivable	1,187,050	-	1,187,050
Federal and state grants receivable	670,298		670,298
Total restricted assets	1,857,348	4,203,898	6,061,246
Liabilities payable from restricted assets			
Accounts payable	(1,215,729)	-	(1,215,729)
Unearned revenue	(243,364)	(4,203,898)	(4,447,262)
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	(1,459,093)	(4,203,898)	(5,662,991)
Total net restricted assets	\$ 398,255	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 398,255

(d) Capital Assets

Major classes of property and equipment and accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

		FY 14-15			
	Balance	Additions or	FY 14-15		Balance
2015	7/1/14	Expenses	Disposals	Transfers	6/30/15
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			_		
Land	\$ 8,708,370	\$ 3,349,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,057,496
Public art	366,917	-	- (0=0)	- (222.22	366,917
Construction in progress	11,253,541	15,825,997	(258)	(269,865)	26,809,415
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,328,828	19,175,123	(258)	(269,865)	39,233,828
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Busways	46,925,623	43,861	- .	1,295	46,970,779
Rolling stock and related equipment	53,961,499	2,861,710	(2,033,700)	74,059	54,863,568
Stations, shelters, and bus signs	20,352,377	137,336	(40,867)	(8,353)	20,440,493
Buildings and improvements	40,544,073	172,500	- 	24,060	40,740,633
Accessible Services vehicles	5,520,821	124,908	(208,111)	-	5,437,618
Other equipment and support vehicles	12,001,037	754,096	(1,066,363)	178,804	11,867,574
Total capital assets, being depreciated	179,305,430	4,094,411	(3,349,041)	269,865	180,320,665
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Busways	12,535,823	2,346,127	-	-	14,881,950
Rolling stock and related equipment	29,356,435	4,300,431	(2,033,700)	-	31,623,166
Stations, shelters, and bus signs	9,926,304	1,326,276	(40,867)	-	11,211,713
Buildings and improvements	20,864,818	1,573,025	-	-	22,437,843
Accessible Services vehicles	4,129,519	480,364	(208,111)	-	4,401,772
Other equipment and support vehicles	9,483,455	1,126,210	(1,058,863)		9,550,802
Total accumulated depreciation	86,296,354	11,152,433	(3,341,541)	-	94,107,246
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	93,009,076	(7,058,022)	(7,500)	269,865	86,213,419
Total capital assets, net	\$ 113,337,904	\$ 12,117,101	\$ (7,758)	\$ -	\$ 125,447,247
		FY 13-14			
0044	Balance	Additions or	FY 13-14	T	Balance
2014	7/1/13	Expenses	Disposals	Transfers	6/30/14
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		•	•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Land	\$ 8,708,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,708,370
Public art	366,917	-	-	-	366,917
Construction in progress	4,155,519	7,549,248		(451,226)	11,253,541
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,230,806	7,549,248		(451,226)	20,328,828
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Busways	46,925,623	-	-	-	46,925,623
Rolling stock and related equipment	53,961,499	-	-	-	53,961,499
Stations, shelters, and bus signs	19,320,213			00.500	
	13,320,213	945,635	-	86,529	20,352,377
Buildings and improvements			-		20,352,377 40.544.073
Buildings and improvements Accessible Services vehicles	40,179,979	144,144	- (229 033)	219,950 -	40,544,073
Accessible Services vehicles	40,179,979 5,612,429	144,144 137,425	(229,033)	219,950	40,544,073 5,520,821
	40,179,979	144,144	(229,033) (97,166) (326,199)		40,544,073
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364	144,144 137,425 839,092	(97,166)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364	144,144 137,425 839,092	(97,166)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296	(97,166)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899	(97,166)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858	(97,166)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs Buildings and improvements	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446 19,306,849	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858 1,557,969	(97,166) (326,199)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304 20,864,818
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs Buildings and improvements Accessible Services vehicles	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446 19,306,849 3,801,271	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858 1,557,969 557,281	(97,166) (326,199)	219,950 - 144,747	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304 20,864,818 4,129,519
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs Buildings and improvements Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446 19,306,849 3,801,271 8,791,300	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858 1,557,969 557,281 789,321	(97,166) (326,199)	219,950 - 144,747 451,226	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304 20,864,818 4,129,519 9,483,455
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs Buildings and improvements Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446 19,306,849 3,801,271 8,791,300 76,102,614	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858 1,557,969 557,281 789,321 10,519,939	(97,166) (326,199)	219,950 - 144,747 451,226	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304 20,864,818 4,129,519 9,483,455 86,296,354
Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Busways Rolling stock and related equipment Stations, shelters, and bus signs Buildings and improvements Accessible Services vehicles Other equipment and support vehicles	40,179,979 5,612,429 11,114,364 177,114,107 10,194,212 25,292,536 8,716,446 19,306,849 3,801,271 8,791,300 76,102,614	144,144 137,425 839,092 2,066,296 2,341,611 4,063,899 1,209,858 1,557,969 557,281 789,321	(97,166) (326,199)	219,950 - 144,747 451,226	40,544,073 5,520,821 12,001,037 179,305,430 12,535,823 29,356,435 9,926,304 20,864,818 4,129,519 9,483,455

The federal government retains a reversionary interest in property and equipment to the extent that capital grants provided for their purchase. Upon disposal of property and equipment, a prorated share of proceeds, if any, is returned to the federal government.

There is no property and equipment under capital lease.

(e) Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Liabilities

Accrued vacation and sick leave payable at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2015 2014	
Accrued vacation and sick leave payable at		
beginning of period	\$ 2,645,780 \$ 3,615,5	33
Total vacation accrued for period	1,418,186 998,3	46
Total sick leave accrued for period	484,444 98,1	35
Total vacation taken for period	(1,387,460) (1,522,8	70)
Total sick leave taken for period	(469,236) (497,0	88)
Total sick leave lost for period	(8,573) (46,2	76)
Accrued vacation and sick leave payable at		
end of period	\$ 2,683,141 \$ 2,645,7	80
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Vacation time - union-represented employees	\$ 1,034,226 \$ 1,036,3	80
Combined annual leave - nonunion employees	605,468 572,6	60
Sick leave - union-represented employees	600,519 602,3	28
Extended illness bank - nonunion employees	442,928 434,4	84
Total accrued vacation and sick leave	\$ 2,683,141 \$ 2,645,7	80
Current portion vacation and sick leave	\$ 847,773 \$ 747,0	47
Noncurrent vacation and sick leave	1,835,3681,898,7	33
Total	\$ 2,683,141 \$ 2,645,7	80
	<u> </u>	_

4. Other Information

(a) Pension Benefits

The District contributes to two single-employer public employee retirement plans. The Lane Transit District Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan (LTDSP) covers all nonunion employees. The Lane Transit District and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local No. 757, Pension Trust (LTD ATU Pension Trust) covers all union employees.

Each plan's assets are held in trust, independent of the District, and solely for the purpose of paying each plan's benefits and administrative expenses. The plans are not included in the reporting entity of the District. The assets are invested in a variety of stocks, bonds, and other securities. Neither plan includes in its assets any District securities nor securities of any related parties. No loans have been granted to the District from plan funds.

<u>Lane Transit District Salaried Employee's Retirement Plan</u> (plan entrants prior to January 1, 2012)

Plan Description

The Lane Transit District Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan (LTDSP) combines a defined benefit plan (Part 1) and a defined contribution plan (Part 2) for all participants who entered the plan prior to January 1, 2012. Part 1 and Part 2 of the LTDSP are now closed to new participants.

The LTDSP is contained in a plan document that was originally adopted effective July 1, 1975, was amended on several subsequent occasions, was last restated effective July 1, 2011, and was last amended on April 12, 2013.

The plan is administered by three appointed trustees, including a member of the Lane Transit District Board of Directors, and the general manager and the director of administrative services of LTD.

The LTDSP Part 1 provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to participants and beneficiaries and covers all District nonunion employees hired before January 1, 2012.

Benefits Provided

Plan members are eligible to receive a full monthly benefit, payable for life, once they reach 62 years of age and have earned five years of vesting credit, or at any age with 30 years of vesting credit. Reduced benefits are available to plan members who retire at or after age 55 but before age 62 with five years of vesting credit, or at age 62 with less than five years of vesting credit.

Annual benefits are calculated as the higher of the following:

- The number of years of benefit credit times average annual salary (determined for the 36 consecutive calendar months of employment that produce the highest average annual salary) times 1.67 percent; or
- 2. The number of years of benefit credit (not exceeding 25) times average annual salary times 3 percent, less the plan member's Primary Social Security Benefit; or
- 3. The benefit calculated under this plan in effect as of June 30, 1989, and determined as of that date, if applicable

Unused sick leave is included as a component of compensation, which increases the annual retirement benefit. Ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments (most recently in 1998) have been provided to members and beneficiaries at the discretion of the District's Board of Directors.

Under LTDSP Part 2, the District contributes to an account, invested at the plan member's direction, 6 percent of a participant's salary for each payroll period that begins after six calendar months of employment. One half of this 6 percent contribution is an employee contribution that is "picked up" and funded by the District. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, employer contributions to this plan recognized as expense were \$313,854 and \$438,300, respectively.

Plan members are immediately vested in their LTDSP Part 2 employer-contribution accounts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	54
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	41
Active employees	73
	168

Contributions

The funding policy for the LTDSP Part 1 is established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors. Contributions to the plan are made biweekly according to an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. This rate is intended to finance the cost of current benefits earned, plus an amount to finance the unfunded accrued liability. This rate, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, was 12.5 percent and 11.5 percent for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The District makes an additional level dollar contribution to further reduce the unfunded accrued liability. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, that amount was \$797,484 and \$556,426, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability for the LTDSP Part 1 at June 30, 2015, was measured as of that date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013.

The District's net pension liability for the LTDSP Part 1 at June 30, 2014, was measured as of that date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Rate Salary increases Investment rate of return, net Mortality	3% Age based, with ultimate rate of 3.5% 7.25% RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected using Scale AA to 2018 for retirees and 2026 for others
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The LTDSP Part 1 does not provide for automatic, post-retirement benefit increases. However, the District's Board of Directors has adopted ad hoc increases from time to time (most recently in 1998).

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was selected based on the plan's target asset allocation as of the valuation date combined with capital market assumptions from several sources, including published studies summarizing the expectations of various investment experts. Following are the target asset allocation percentages set by policy and expected arithmetic real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equities	15.5%	4.55%
Small/Mid Cap Global Equities	3.0%	5.50%
Domestic Equities - Full Market	9.5%	4.55%
Non-U.S. Equities	22.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	20.0%	1.00%
Real Return (all asset strategies)	20.0%	3.15%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation (GTAA) Total	10.0% 100.0%	4.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2015 and 2014. A reduction of the discount rate from 7.5 percent as of June 30, 2013, resulted in an increase in the total pension liability of \$506,129, as shown below. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate were based on the District's funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 20,803,151	\$ 15,539,800	\$ 5,263,351	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	545,340	-	545,340	
Interest	1,504,888	-	1,504,888	
Employer contributions	-	1,333,241	(1,333,241)	
Net investment income	-	222,900	(222,900)	
Benefit payments	(1,182,843)	(1,182,843)	=	
Administrative expense	<u> </u>	(55,910)	55,910	
Net changes	867,385	317,388	549,997	
Balances at 6/30/15	21,670,536	15,857,188	5,813,348	
	Total Pension	Increase (Decrease Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances at 6/30/13	\$ 18,917,903	\$ 13,323,565	\$ 5,594,338	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	538,088	-	538,088	
Interest	1,426,182	-	1,426,182	
Differences between expected and actual experience	354,334	=	354,334	
Changes of assumptions	506,129	=	506,129	
Employer contributions	-	1,161,609	(1,161,609)	
Net investment income	-	2,081,971	(2,081,971)	
Benefit payments	(939,485)	(939,485)	-	
Administrative expense		(87,860)	87,860	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using a discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the rate used:

1,885,248

20,803,151

2,216,235

15,539,800

(330,987)

5,263,351

	Net Pension Liability				
		2015		2014	
1% decrease (6.25%)	\$	8,112,302	\$	7,470,287	
Current discount rate (7.25%)		5,813,348		5,263,351	
1% increase (8.25%)		3,839,798		3,368,795	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Net changes

Balances at 6/30/14

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued LTDSP financial report. A copy of that report can be obtained by writing to: Trustees of the Lane Transit District Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan, P.O. Box 7070, Springfield, Oregon 97475-0470.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,181,126 and \$1,104,921, respectively. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Inflows of	Outflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 151,858
Changes in assumptions or inputs	-	216,913
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	59,042
	\$ -	\$ 427,813

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ 205,049
2017	82,128
2018	(40,797)
2019	181,433
2020	-
Thereafter	-

Lane Transit District Salaried Employee's Defined Contribution Program

Plan Description

The Lane Transit District Salaried Employees' Defined Contribution Program became effective on January 1, 2012. All nonunion employees hired after December 31, 2011, are eligible to participate.

Benefits Provided

This program provides contributions to a discretionary account and the opportunity to receive contributions to a matching account. The discretionary contribution made by the District is currently between 4.5 percent and 9 percent, depending on the number of years of vesting service completed. The matching contribution percentage is currently set at 50 percent of a participant's elective contribution (to a Section 457 deferred compensation account) up to a maximum of 3 percent of their base pay. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, employer contributions recognized as expense were \$119,435 and \$61,352, respectively.

Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions. They become vested in the discretionary and matching contributions according to a graduated schedule over 7 years. Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and are used to offset future contributions, thereby reducing expense recognized by the District.

<u>Lane Transit District and Amalgamated Transit Union,</u> <u>Local No. 757, Pension Trust</u>

Plan Description

The LTD ATU Pension Trust provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries and covers all District union employees. The plan was created effective March 1, 1972, by collective bargaining agreement, was amended on several subsequent occasions, and was last amended on January 1, 2015.

The plan is administered by four appointed trustees, including a member of the Lane Transit District Board of Directors; the general manager of LTD; the president (or designee) of the ATU, Local No. 757; and an executive board officer of ATU, Local No. 757.

Benefits Provided

Participation begins after six months of employment. Benefits are 100 percent vested when the plan member earns five years of credited service or is an employee while age 60 or older. Vested plan members who retire at or after age 60, and plan members who terminate employment after June 30, 2000, with 30 years of credited service, are entitled to a monthly retirement benefit for life, with a minimum of 36 monthly payments made to the plan member or the member's beneficiary. The retirement benefit for plan members terminating employment on or after July 1, 2014, is \$65.50 per month per year of credited service. This multiplier is scheduled to increase in annual increments, eventually reaching \$70 per month per year of credited service for members terminating employment on or after January 1, 2017. Increases to the multiplier after December 31, 2015, only apply to service in future years. Plan members with ten years of credited service may also retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55. One year of credited service is earned for the first 1,600 hours in a calendar year. Hours are hours worked before June 30, 1994, and compensated hours after June 30, 1994. Partial credit of 0.25 of a year of credited service is earned for every 400 hours, up to 1,600 hours, in a calendar year. Unused sick leave does not increase the monthly retirement benefit or convert to any other pension benefit.

An Employee Participation Account is kept for each participant. After December 31, 2000, the Employee Participation Account is credited with \$.10 per compensated hour. The value of the Employee Participation Account is adjusted once a plan year by an investment rate of return chosen by the trustees. The Employee Participation Account is paid to a plan member who terminates employment before age 60 with at least three, but less than five, years of credited service and is paid as a preretirement death benefit to the beneficiary of a married plan member who dies with at least three, but less than five, years of credited service or to the beneficiary of an unmarried plan member who dies with at least three years of credited service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	197
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	43
Active employees	225
	465

Contributions

The funding policy of the LTD ATU Pension Trust is established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors in compliance with the terms of the current Working and Wage Agreement between the ATU and the District.

Contributions are made according to an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary that is intended to finance the cost of current benefits earned, plus an amount to finance the unfunded accrued liability. This rate, expressed as an amount per compensable hour, was \$4.89 and \$4.66 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Actual contributions by the District were made at a higher rate of \$4.89 for the year ended June 30, 2014, in order to accelerate the reduction of the unfunded accrued liability.

No employee contributions are required or permitted.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability for the LTD ATU Pension Trust at June 30, 2015, was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014.

The District's net pension liability for the LTD ATU Pension Trust at June 30, 2014, was measured as of December 31, 2013, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2012.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate Salary increases Future benefit rate increases Investment rate of return, net Mortality	3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 7.25% RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected using Scale AA to 2015

Ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments are provided to members and beneficiaries at the discretion of the trustees. The trustees last adopted an ad hoc increase of 2 percent on January 1, 2006.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was selected based on the plan's target asset allocation as of the valuation date, combined with capital market assumptions from several sources, including published studies summarizing the expectations of various investment experts. Following is the target asset allocation percentage set by policy and expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equities	15.5%	4.55%
Small/Mid Cap Global Equities	3.0%	5.50%
Domestic Equities - Full Market	9.5%	4.55%
Non-U.S. Equities	22.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	20.0%	1.00%
Real Return (all asset strategies)	20.0%	3.15%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation (GTAA)	10.0%	4.00%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate were based on the District's funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 33,540,315	\$ 21,726,577	\$ 11,813,738
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	853,018	=	853,018
Interest	2,424,057	=	2,424,057
Changes of benefit terms	356,341	-	356,341
Differences between expected and actual experience ¹	(646,134)	-	(646,134)
Employer contributions	=	2,222,585	(2,222,585)
Net investment income	=	1,008,693	(1,008,693)
Benefit payments	(1,916,128)	(1,916,128)	=
Administrative expense		(115,303)	115,303
Net changes	1,071,154	1,199,847	(128,693)
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 34,611,469	\$ 22,926,424	\$ 11,685,045

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances at 6/30/13	\$ 32,146,711	\$ 18,823,723	\$ 13,322,988	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	828,173	=	828,173	
Interest	2,326,828	=	2,326,828	
Employer contributions	-	2,248,159	(2,248,159)	
Net investment income	-	2,498,570	(2,498,570)	
Benefit payments	(1,761,397)	(1,761,397)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(82,478)	82,478	
Net changes	1,393,604	2,902,854	(1,509,250)	
Balances at 6/30/14	\$ 33,540,315	\$ 21,726,577	\$ 11,813,738	

¹A new working and wage agreement was ratified in July 2014 under which the benefits multiplier for service through December 31, 2015, was increased to \$65.50 per month per year of credited service for plan members terminating employment on or after July 1, 2014. This multiplier is scheduled to increase annually, eventually reaching \$70 per month per year of credited service for members terminating employment on or after January 1, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using a discount rate of 7.25 percent and 7.25 percent, respectively, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the rate used:

	Net Pensi	Net Pension Liability		
	2015	2014		
1% decrease (6.25%)	\$ 15,089,489	\$ 15,112,822		
Current discount rate (7.25%)	11,685,045	11,813,738		
1% increase (8.25%)	8,743,423	8,963,153		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued LTD ATU Pension Trust financial report. A copy of that report can be obtained by writing to: Trustees of the Lane Transit District and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local No. 757, Pension Trust, P.O. Box 7070, Springfield, Oregon 97475-0470.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,910,608 and \$1,634,265, respectively. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 499,285	\$ -	
Changes in assumptions or inputs	-	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	212,787	-	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		1,112,696	
	\$ 712,072	\$1,112,696	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2016	\$ (2	256,005)
2017	(2	256,005)
2018	(2	256,005)
2019		55,943
2020		-
Thereafter		-

<u>Lane Transit District and Amalgamated Transit Union,</u> <u>Local No. 757, Defined Contribution Program</u>

Plan Description

Lane Transit District and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local No. 757, Defined Contribution Program became effective on July 6, 2014. All union employees who are eligible for the defined benefit program above are eligible to participate in this program.

Benefits Provided

This program provides employer contributions to a matching account based on a participant's elective contribution to a Section 457 deferred compensation account. The matching contribution is currently set at 50 percent of the participant's elective contribution,

up to a maximum of 3 percent of their base pay. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, employer contributions recognized as expense were \$189,759 and \$0, respectively.

Participants are immediately vested in their matching account. Forfeitures of contributions, arising from the inability to locate a valid beneficiary, are used to offset future contributions, thereby reducing expense recognized by the District.

(b) Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan per the requirements of collective bargaining agreements, which are applied uniformly to all employees. The plan provides an explicit employer-paid benefit, according to the option chosen by the retiree, as follows:

- Up to \$275 per month per pre-Medicare retiree until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, typically age 65. Once they become Medicare-eligible the benefit reduces to \$125 per month; or
- \$425 per month until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, at which time the benefit reduces to zero.

This benefit can be used towards post-retirement healthcare insurance premiums or other healthcare costs of the retiree, their spouse, domestic partner, or eligible dependents. Retirees are allowed to continue District-sponsored insurance coverage or use their benefit to obtain coverage from a carrier of their choice.

The District's post-retirement healthcare plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulates that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims costs (which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members) and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution, which is a liability in addition to the employer-paid benefit described above.

The District has not established a trust fund to supplement the costs for the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation. No stand-alone financial report is generated for the plan.

At the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation date, there were 127 retirees receiving benefits under the plan and 302 active employees who may be eligible for future retirement benefits.

Funding Policy

The annual required contribution (ARC) for the plan is an amount calculated to prefund future benefits as determined by the actuary. The District has elected not to prefund the actuarially determined future cost, choosing instead to finance the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District contributes all benefits listed above to individual VEBA accounts from which the retiree is responsible for paying eligible premiums and costs.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The District's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Annual required contribution Interest earned on net OPEB obligation	\$ 1,115,276 128,076	\$ 1,136,911 108,624	\$ 1,087,302 87,102
Adjustment to the annual required contribution	(317,722)	(269,466)	(216,077)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contribution made	925,630 (463,915)	976,069 (420,292)	958,327 (343,421)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	461,715	555,777	614,906
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	3,659,323	3,103,546	2,488,640
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 4,121,038	\$ 3,659,323	\$ 3,103,546
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	50.1%	43.1%	35.8%

Funding Status and Funding Progress

The plan's funded status as of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is shown below:

Actuarial value of assets	\$	_
Actuarial accrued liability	Ψ	7,789,243
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		7,789,243
Funded ratio		0%
Covered payroll	1	16,745,100
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		46.5%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to

continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Significant methods and assumptions for the latest actuarial valuation were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	January 1, 2014 Projected unit credit Level dollar, open 15 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return General inflation rate Healthcare inflation rate	3.5% 3.0% 6.5% initial, 5% ultimate

The projected unit credit method attempts to track the actual economic pattern of benefit accrual over an employee's working lifetime. The discount rate is selected based on the expected long-term annual investment returns for Oregon's Local Government Investment Pool and comparable investment vehicles.

(c) Risk Management

Risk is managed through a combination of purchased commercial insurance coverage and self-insurance with risk reserves. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the year. The limits are consistent with coverage carried by other public entities of the District's size and type in Oregon.

Oregon tort liability law generally limits claims for one incident to \$1,925,500. Additional coverage is for federal claims, out-of-state claims, or contractual liability. This coverage is tabulated as follows:

Retention Level		Limits of
(Deductible)	Description	Coverage
\$ 100,000	Vehicle liability / uninsured motorist	\$ 10,000,000
25,000	Property and contents	29,762,949
25,000	General and tort liability	10,000,000
50,000	Bus - physical damage	Stated value
50,000	Earthquake / flood	15,000,000
5,000	Pollution liability (fuel storage tanks)	1,000,000
1,000	Public employee blanket	250,000
N/A	Workers' compensation	500,000

The greatest risk exposure for the District is in vehicle liability. The District self-insures up to \$100,000 per accident. The level of risk reserving is set by Board policy considering both the history of payments and the potential exposure to risk. The reserve level is evaluated and the reserve amount is budgeted during the annual budget process. Current Board policy sets this amount at \$1,000,000. In the last three fiscal years, no settlements have exceeded the limits of insurance coverage.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss reasonably can be estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are set by an independent firm.

These liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past three years are as follows:

	Au	tomol	oile/Bus Liabi	ility	
	 2015		2014		2013
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of the year Incurred claims (including IBNRs) Claim payments Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment	\$ 143,540 90,832 (155,772)	\$	89,540 150,755 (96,755)	\$	467,386 (97,053) (280,793)
expenses, end of the year	\$ 78,600	<u>\$</u>	143,540	\$	89,540

Unpaid claims are carried at estimated gross settlement value.

(d) Commitments and Contingencies

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 14, 2015, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and costs may be questioned as not being appropriate under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. District management believes disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2015, the District had commitments of approximately \$56 million for construction, utility relocation, right-of-way acquisition and the purchase of vehicles related to the West Eugene EmX Extension and \$900,000 for accessible services vehicles.

The District will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements from implementing any of the following pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This statement is effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015.
- GASB Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments of Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68." This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.
- GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans." This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

- GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments." This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015.
- GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures." This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

(e) Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

(f) Expenditures as Appropriated

The presentation of the budget to actual schedules in the supplemental information section of the financial statements differs in format from the appropriations adopted by the Board of Directors. The following table shows the appropriated expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, as adopted:

	Budge	ted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
0 15 1				
General Fund				
Transit Services	\$ 40,878,40	0 \$ 40,878,400	\$ 37,112,217	\$ 3,766,183
Transfer to Accessible Services Fund	1,979,70	0 1,979,700	1,214,451	765,249
Transfer to Medicaid Fund	172,00	272,000	272,000	-
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	3,351,10	3,351,100	3,351,100	-
Contingencies	14,677,20	14,577,200	-	14,577,200
Accessible Services Fund				
Transit Services	6,487,20	0 6,487,200	5,880,740	606,460
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	168,00	0 168,000	-	168,000
Contingencies	183,70	0 183,700	-	183,700
Medicaid Fund				
Transit Services	7,278,90	9,278,900	8,736,945	541,955
Contingencies	181,60	0 -	-	-
Capital Projects Fund				
Capital Outlay	108,146,40	0 108,146,400	25,224,151	82,922,249
Capital Reserve	247,20	247,200	· -	247,200

(f) Adoption of New Accounting Standard

The GASB issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions in June 2012." The statement is required to be implemented for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has implemented this standard for the current year and has retroactively applied the requirements to the prior year in order to retain comparability of the statements presented herein.

Statement No. 68 introduces a number of changes related to pension accounting and reporting. A net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions must now be reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position. The calculation of pension expense has also been prescribed. A number of new disclosures are included in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and additional schedules are included as Required Supplementary Information.

As a result of the adoption of Statement No. 68, the following changes were made to amounts previously reported as of June 30, 2014:

		s Originally Reported	As Restat	ed_		Effect Of Change
Statement of Net Position						
Other assets Pension contribution in excess of ARC LTD ATU Pension Trust LTD Salaried Employees' Plan	\$	753,326 315,379	\$	-	\$	(753,326) (315,379)
Deferred outflow of resources Deferred outflows - LTD ATU Pension Trust		-	1,094,2	81		1,094,281
Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability - LTD ATU Pension Trust Net pension liability - LTD Salaried Employees' Plan		- -	13,322,9 5,594,3		•	(3,322,988) (5,594,338)
Total effect of change					(1	18,891,750)
Beginning net position as of July 1, 2013, as originally reported Beginning net position as of July 1, 2013, as restated	d					88,990,414 20,098,664
		s Originally Reported	As Restat	ed_	_	Effect Of Change
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	n					
Operating expenses Personnel services	\$	26,615,534	\$26,037,8	99	\$	577,635
Changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 201 as originally reported	4,					1,646,827
Changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 201 as restated	4,				\$	2,224,462
Ending net position as of June 30, 2014, as restated					\$12	22,323,126

Required Supplementary Information

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Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years¹

	2015	2014	2013	2012
I otal pension liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total pension liability	\$ 545,340 1,504,888 - - (1,182,843) 867,385	\$ 538,088 1,426,182 - 354,334 506,129 ² (939,485) 1,885,248	\$ 527,537 1,343,938 - - (690,418) 1,181,057	ω
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	20,803,151 \$21,670,536	18,917,903 \$20,803,151	17,736,846 \$18,917,903	- \$17,736,846
Plan fiduciary net position Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,333,241 222,900 (1,182,843) (55,910)	\$ 1,161,609 2,081,971 (939,485) (87,860)	\$ 1,165,565 1,298,746 (690,418) (92,282) - 1,681,611	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	15,539,800 \$15,857,188	13,323,565 \$15,539,800	11,641,954 \$13,323,565	- \$11,641,954
District's net pension liability - ending	\$ 5,813,348	\$ 5,263,351	\$ 5,594,338	\$ 6,094,892
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.17%	74.70%	70.43%	65.64%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,263,366	\$ 5,226,297	\$ 5,214,746	\$ 5,092,690
District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	136.36%	100.71%	107.28%	119.68%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend of changes in the net pension liability. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years in which it is available.

² Assumed discount rate was lowered to reflect more conservative asset allocations given closure to new entrants.

Schedule of Employer Contributions LTD Salaried Employees' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$1,205,400	\$1,157,450	\$ 1,156,122	\$ 931,962	\$ 949,385	\$ 918,391	\$ 917,967	\$ 846,480	\$ 784,355	\$ 614,912
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,333,241	1,161,609	1,156,127	1,026,587	949,698	918,391	1,142,967	846,480	784,355	614,912
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (127,841)	\$ (4,159)	\$ (5)	\$ (94,625)	\$ (313)	· \$	\$ (225,000)	· \$	· \$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$4,263,366	\$5,226,297	\$ 5,214,746	\$5,092,690	\$5,187,894	\$5,463,292	\$5,463,589	\$5,130,173	\$4,774,027	\$4,630,506
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	31.27%	22.23%	22.17%	20.16%	18.31%	16.81%	20.92%	16.50%	16.43%	13.28%
Motes to Schadule.										
Valuation date	7/1/2013	7/1/2011	7/1/2011	7/1/2009	7/1/2009	7/1/2007	7/1/2007	7/1/2005	7/1/2005	7/1/2003
Investment rate of return assumption	7.25%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	8.00%
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Actuarial cost method	ontribution rates: Individual entry	ibution rates: Individual entry age normal, level percentage of pay	rel percentage o	f pay						
Amortization method	Effective July 1, 2011: Effective July 1, 2007: Through July 1, 2005:		20-year amortiz: 1 20-year amorti: 3-year amortizat	Closed 20-year amortization, level dollar Layered 20-year amortizations, level percentage of pay Open 20-year amortization, level percentage of pay	r rcentage of pay tage of pay					
Asset valuation method	Effective July 1, 2011: Through July 1, 2009:		Market value of assets Market value gains and	Market value of assets Market value gains and losses are smoothed over three years, with result not less than 80% or greater than 120% of market value	thed over three	years, with resu	ilt not less than 8	30% or greater t	han 120% of me	ırket value
Mortality	Effective July 1, 2011: Effective July 1, 2003:		0 Combined He	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected using Scale AA to 2018 for retirees and 2026 for others RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table	able projected u able	sing Scale AA to	2018 for retiree	s and 2026 for e	others	
Inflation	3% per year									
Salary increases	Effective July 1, 2011: Through July 1, 2009:		Age-based, with an ultir Generally 5% per year	Age-based, with an ultimate rate of 3.5% per year at ages 50+ Generally 5% per year	ó per year at ag	es 50+				

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios LTD and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local No. 757, Pension Trust Last 10 Fiscal Years¹

	2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total pension liability	\$ 853,018 2,424,057 356,341 ² (646,134) - (1,916,128) 1,071,154	\$ 828,173 2,326,828 - - (1,761,397) 1,393,604	σ
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	33,540,315 \$34,611,469	32,146,711 \$33,540,315	\$32,146,711
Plan fiduciary net position Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 2,222,585 1,008,693 (1,916,128) (115,303)	\$ 2,248,159 2,498,570 (1,761,397) (82,478) -	ω
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	21,726,577 \$22,926,424	18,823,723 \$21,726,577	- \$18,823,723
District's net pension liability - ending Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	\$11,685,045	\$11,813,738	\$13,322,988 58.56%
Covered-employee payroll District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$10,512,685 111.15%	\$10,530,897 112.18%	\$10,449,969

Notes to Schedule:

¹ This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend of changes in the net pension liability. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years in which it is available.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ A new collective bargaining agreement increased the benefit multiplier.

Schedule of Employer Contributions LTD and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local No. 757, Pension Trust Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,265,346	\$ 2,129,522	\$ 2,130,945	\$ 1,981,455	\$ 2,034,036	\$ 1,926,992	\$ 1,939,870	\$ 1,618,642	\$ 1,448,985	\$1,130,096
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,265,346	2,234,627	2,228,856	2,193,790	2,034,037	1,926,992	2,414,870	1,618,642	1,448,985	1,130,096
Contribution deficiency (excess)	٠ د	\$ (105,105)	\$ (97,911)	\$ (212,335)	\$ (1)	· \$	\$ (475,000)	٠ 9	٠ ٧	· \$
Covered-employee payroll	\$10,802,019	\$10,625,261	\$10,629,043	\$10,288,538	\$10,998,431	\$11,724,870	\$11,171,828	\$10,953,639	\$10,419,432	\$9,633,000
Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll	20.97%	21.03%	20.97%	21.32%	18.49%	16.44%	21.62%	14.78%	13.91%	11.73%
Notes to Schedule:										
Valuation date	1/1/2014	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	1/1/2010	1/1/2010	1/1/2008	1/1/2008	1/1/2006	1/1/2006	1/1/2004
Investment rate of return assumption	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	8.00%
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Actuarial cost method Through Jan	ontribution rates: Effective Januar Through Januar	ibution rates: Effective January 1, 2014: Individual entry age normal, level percentage of pay Through January 1, 2012: Individual entry age normal, level dollar	tual entry age noi lual entry age nor	mal, level percen mal, level dollar	tage of pay					
Amortization method	Effective Januar Effective Januar Effective Januar	Effective January 1, 2014: Layered 20-year amortization, level percentage of pay Effective January 1, 2006: Layered 20-year amortization, level dollar Effective January 1, 2004: Closed 24-year amortization, level dollar	ed 20-year amorti ed 20-year amorti d 24-year amortiz	ization, level perci ization, level dolla iation, level dollar	entage of pay r					
Asset valuation method	Market value ga	Market value gains and losses are smoothed over three years, with result not less than 80% or greater than 120% of market value	e smoothed over	three years, with	esult not less the	an 80% or greater	than 120% of me	ırket value		
Mortality	Effective January 1, 2012: Effective January 1, 2010: Through January 1, 2008:	∝ ∝ ≑	000 Combined He 000 Combined He Jninsured Pensio	.P-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected using Scale AA to 2015 .P-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected using Scale AA to 2010 994 Uninsured Pensioner Mortality	ble with Blue Col	lar Adjustment, pi lar Adjustment, pi	ojected using Sc	ale AA to 2015 ale AA to 2010		
Inflation	3% per year									
Salary increases	Effective January 1, 2014: 3% Through January 1, 2012: N/A	Effective January 1, 2014: 3% per year Through January 1, 2012: N/A	ır year							
Future benefit rate increases	Effective January 1, 2014: 3% Through January 1, 2012: N/A	Effective January 1, 2014: 3% per year Through January 1, 2012: N/A	ır year							

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress

Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Funding Progress

								Unfunded
								Actuarial
				Unfunded			Covered	Liability as a
Actuarial	Actuarial		Actuarial	Actuarial			Payroll	Percentage of
Valuation	Value of		Accrued	Accrued	Funded	(Previous		Covered
Date	Assets		Liability	Liability	Ratio	26 payrolls)		Payroll
				 _				
1/1/2014	\$	- \$	7,789,243	\$ 7,789,243	0.0%	\$	16,745,100	46.5%
1/1/2012		_	7,210,300	7,210,300	0.0%		15,381,200	46.9%
17 172012			7,210,000	7,210,000	0.070		10,001,200	40.570
1/1/2010		-	6,584,300	6,584,300	0.0%		16,783,500	39.2%

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Other Supplementary Information

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General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budget Basis

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

				Variance
		Budget as		Favorable
	Original Budget	Amended	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues				
Passenger fares	\$ 7,123,700	\$ 7,123,700	\$ 7,200,332	\$ 76,632
Special services	161,300	161,300	255,587	94,287
Advertising	310,000	310,000	437,950	127,950
Employer payroll tax	27,835,500	27,835,500	30,981,560	3,146,060
Self-employment tax	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,683,987	83,987
State payroll assessment	2,040,000	2,040,000	609,978	(1,430,022)
Federal assistance	4,911,100	4,911,100	4,837,633	(73,467)
State assistance	-	-	2,161	2,161
Local assistance	40,000	40,000	51,460	11,460
Miscellaneous	101,700	101,700	375,877	274,177
Interest	90,000	90,000	52,359	(37,641)
Sale of assets	15,000	15,000	9,892	(5,108)
Total revenues	44,228,300	44,228,300	46,498,776	2,270,476
Expenditures				
Personnel services	30,091,300	30,091,300	28,380,093	1,711,207
Materials and services	9,728,700	9,728,700	7,649,477	2,079,223
Insurance	1,058,400	1,058,400	1,082,647	(24,247)
Other uses				
Transfer to Accessible Services Fund	1,979,700	1,979,700	1,214,451	765,249
Transfer to Medicaid Fund	172,000	272,000	272,000	-
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	3,351,100	3,351,100	3,351,100	-
Operating contingency	1,000,000	900,000	-	900,000
Working capital contingency	12,677,200	12,677,200	-	12,677,200
Self-insurance contingency	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000
Total expenditures and other uses	61,058,400	61,058,400	41,949,768	19,108,632
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(16,830,100)	(16,830,100)	4,549,008	21,379,108
Fund balance, beginning of year (restated) ¹	16,830,100	16,830,100	22,648,730	5,818,630
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,197,738	\$ 27,197,738

¹Proceeds from the sale of assets in the amount of \$13,052 were erroneously omitted from the prior year presentation of budgetary information. Accordingly, the beginning fund balance was increased by that amount from \$22,635,678, as originally reported to \$22,648,730, as restated.

Accessible Services Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budget Basis

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Oriç</u>	ginal Budget		Budget as Amended	 Actual	F	'ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues							
Passenger fares	\$	337,500	\$	337,500	\$ 355,815	\$	18,315
Federal assistance		2,929,200		2,929,200	2,853,991		(75,209)
State assistance		1,263,000		1,263,000	1,343,441		80,441
Local assistance		97,900		97,900	110,144		12,244
Other sources Transfer from General Fund		1 070 700		1 070 700	1 014 451		(76F 040)
		1,979,700	_	1,979,700	 1,214,451		(765,249)
Total revenues and other sources		6,607,300		6,607,300	 5,877,842		(729,458)
Expenditures							
Eugene-Springfield services							
ADA Ride Source		5,268,900		5,268,900	4,922,226		346,674
Transit training and hosts		150,600		150,600	112,086		38,514
Special transportation		108,100		108,100	99,805		8,295
Total Eugene-Springfield services		5,527,600		5,527,600	5,134,117		393,483
Rural Lane County services							
South Lane		115,000		115,000	129,157		(14,157)
Florence		188,100		188,100	183,134		4,966
Oakridge		243,200		243,200	203,189		40,011
Total rural Lane County services		546,300		546,300	 515,480		30,820
Other services					 		
Mobility management		260,000		260,000	128,130		131,870
Crucial connections		9,300		9,300	3,319		5,981
Veterans transportation		32,000		32,000	20,893		11,107
Lane County coordination		112,000		112,000	 78,801		33,199
Total other services		413,300		413,300	 231,143		182,157
Other uses							
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund		168,000		168,000			168,000
Operating contingency		183,700		183,700	-		183,700
Total expenditures and other uses		6,838,900		6,838,900	5,880,740		958,160
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(231,600)		(231,600)	(2,898)		228,702
Fund balance, beginning of year		231,600		231,600	 215,226		(16,374)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$ 212,328	\$	212,328

Medicaid Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budget Basis

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

								Variance
	O-:	ain al Divilaint		Budget as		A -41		avorable
Davissia	Ori	ginal Budget		Amended	_	Actual	(ui	nfavorable)
Revenues	•		•				_	(222.4.4)
Medicaid nonemergency medical transportation (NEMT)	\$	6,628,800	\$	8,528,800	\$	7,861,689	\$	(667,111)
Medicaid waivered transportation Interest		478,100 -		478,100 -		648,172		170,072 -
Other sources								
Transfer from General Fund		172,000		272,000		272,000		<u>-</u>
Total revenues and other sources		7,278,900		9,278,900		8,781,861		(497,039)
Expenditures								
Medicaid nonemergency medical transportation (NEMT)								
Services		5,365,700		7,365,700		6,613,176		752,524
Mobility management		166,600		166,600		111,162		55,438
Program administration		1,096,500		1,096,500		1,182,111		(85,611)
Total Medicaid NEMT		6,628,800		8,628,800		7,906,449		722,351
Medicaid waivered transportation								
Services		439,900		439,900		595,583		(155,683)
Mobility management		20,900		20,900		40,922		(20,022)
Program administration		5,900		5,900		3,726		2,174
Grant program match requirements		183,400		183,400		190,265		(6,865)
Total Medicaid waivered transportation	_	650,100		650,100		830,496		(180,396)
Other uses								
Operating contingency		181,600				_		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures and other uses	_	7,460,500		9,278,900	_	8,736,945		541,955
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(181,600)		-		44,916		44,916
Fund balance, beginning of year		181,600		181,600		183,029		1,429
Fund balance, end of year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	181,600	\$	227,945	\$	46,345

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budget Basis

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Budget as Amended	Actual	Variance Favorable (unfavorable)
Revenues Federal assistance State assistance Local assistance Miscellaneous	\$ 85,913,900 13,200,000	\$ 85,913,900 13,200,000	\$ 17,051,329 3,033,762 6,450	\$ (68,862,571) (10,166,238) 6,450
Other sources Transfer from Accessible Services Fund Transfer from General Fund Total revenues and other sources	168,000 3,351,100 102,633,000	168,000 3,351,100 102,633,000	3,351,100 23,442,641	(168,000) (79,190,359)
Expenditures Frequent transit network				
West Eugene EmX extension Gateway EmX extension Main Street / McVay transit study Northwest Eugene / LCC transit study	87,197,800 600,000 716,100 638,000	87,197,800 600,000 716,100 638,000	15,573,516 12,097 530,155 370,309	71,624,284 587,903 185,945 267,691
Total frequent transit network	89,151,900	89,151,900	16,486,077	72,665,823
Other capital outlay Land Revenue vehicles - fixed route Revenue vehicles - accessible services Support vehicles Stations, shelters, and facilities Computer hardware and software Intelligent transportation systems Transit security projects Communications equipment Shop equipment Miscellaneous equipment Total other capital outlay Total expenditures	12,799,900 840,000 100,000 741,800 2,589,900 375,500 723,600 653,800 30,000 140,000 18,994,500 108,146,400	12,799,900 840,000 100,000 741,800 2,589,900 375,500 723,600 653,800 30,000 140,000 18,994,500 108,146,400	3,350,468 2,865,601 126,644 78,371 811,364 1,335,475 6,252 9,939 41,723 2,440 109,797 8,738,074 25,224,151	(3,350,468) 9,934,299 713,356 21,629 (69,564) 1,254,425 369,248 713,661 612,077 27,560 30,203 10,256,426 82,922,249
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,513,400)	(5,513,400)	(1,781,510)	3,731,890
Fund balance, beginning of year Fund balance, end of year	5,760,600 \$ 247,200	5,760,600 \$ 247,200	3,549,896 \$ 1,768,386	(2,210,704) \$ 1,521,186

Certain expenditures recorded in this fund did not meet the \$5,000 minimum for capitalization as a capital asset. As such, \$1,954,616 presented above was reclassified as materials and services for financial statement purposes.

Reconciliation of Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures on a Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to Changes in Net Position on a GAAP Basis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures General Fund Accessible Services Fund Medicaid Fund Capital Projects Fund Total excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	4,549,008 (2,898) 44,916 (1,781,510) 2,809,516
Reconciling items Depreciation Acquisition of capital assets OPEB expense Pension contributions in excess of pension expense Compensated absences accrual Insurance reserve accrual Loss on disposal of assets		(11,152,433) 23,269,534 (461,715) 498,237 (37,360) 64,940 (2,877)
Proceeds from disposal of assets Total reconciling items	_	(9,892) 12,168,434
Change in net position on a GAAP basis	\$	14,977,950

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Lane Transit District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trend Information

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Financial Trend Information

Comparative Statements of Net Position Last Ten Years At June 30

2008 2007 2006	27,312,219 \$ 26,585,090 \$ 29,034,981 87,082,507 81,869,746 68,817,518 8,333 14,583 20,833 114,403,059 108,469,419 97,873,332	\$ 114,403,059 \$ 108,469,419 \$ 97,873,332	8,614,294 \$ 4,187,540 \$ 4,989,413 1,044,793 3,978,388 940,672 9,659,087 8,165,928 5,930,085	84,082,507 78,869,746 68,817,518 529,014 80,911 80,215 20,132,451 21,352,834 23,045,514	104,743,972 100,303,491 91,943,247
2009	\$ 26,310,655 \$ 2 92,451,905 8 2,083	\$ 118,764,643	\$ 7,597,959 \$ 1,753,891	92,451,905 8 302,918 16,657,970	109,412,793 10
2010	\$ 25,404,558 \$ 110,201,071	\$ 135,605,629	\$ 8,273,281 \$ 2,394,610	110,201,071 449,086 14,287,601	124,937,738
Restated 2011	\$ 28,380,179 113,197,851 700,000 142,278,030	\$ 142,278,030	\$ 6,160,791 2,991,988 9,152,779	113,197,851 456,115 19,471,285	133,125,251
2012	\$ 30,346,275 122,613,663 1,006,960 153,966,898	\$ 153,966,898	\$ 8,224,324 3,505,481 11,729,805	122,613,660 491,306 19,132,127	142,237,093
2013	\$ 37,774,109 114,242,299 1,068,705 153,085,113	\$ 153,085,113	\$ 9,926,804 4,167,895 14,094,699	114,242,299 436,632 24,311,483	138,990,414
Restated 2014	2 \$ 41,747,999 113,337,904	1,693,168	1 \$ 10,036,528 22,635,145 32,671,673	=	122,323,126
2015	\$ 56,639,732 125,447,247 - 182,086,979	1,540,509	\$ 22,159,541 23,454,799 45,614,340	125,447,247 440,273 11,413,556	137,301,076
	Assets Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Other assets Total assets	Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	Net position Investment in capital assets Restricted for Accessible Services and Medicaid programs Unrestricted	Total net position Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Ended June 30

	2015	Restated 2014	2013	2012	Restated 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Operations Fixed route										
Revenue	\$ 7,893,869	\$ 7,733,140 \$	7,640,918 \$	7,608,840	\$ 8,150,969 \$	\$ 7,933,611	\$ 7,723,787	\$ 7,320,990 \$	\$ 6,226,293	\$ 5,961,498
Expense	(38,541,017)	(36,660,628)	(35,813,713)	(34,411,349)	(33,880,028)	(34,792,955)	(33,118,646)	(31,952,517)	(29,498,214)	(26,968,032)
Total fixed route	(30,647,148)	(28,927,488)	(28,172,795)	(26,802,509)	(25,729,059)	(26,859,344)	(25,394,859)	(24,631,527)	(23,271,921)	(21,006,534)
Accessible Services and Medicaid										
Revenue	13,173,252	9,857,780	9,394,430	8,069,191	8,172,584	7,859,572	6,120,502	3,408,944	1,713,431	1,415,320
Expense	(14,617,685)	(12,314,118)	(10,841,746)	(9,965,985)	(9,561,690)	(8,571,459)	(8,465,040)	(5,052,516)	(3,444,646)	(2,748,356)
Total Accessible Services	(1,444,433)	(2,456,338)	(1,447,316)	(1,896,794)	(1,389,106)	(711,887)	(2,344,538)	(1,643,572)	(1,731,215)	(1,333,036)
Loss from operations	(32,091,581)	(31,383,826)	(29,620,111)	(28,699,303)	(27,118,165)	(27,571,231)	(27,739,397)	(26,275,099)	(25,003,136)	(22,339,570)
Nonoperating revenues										
Employer payroll tax	30,981,560	25,374,737	24,891,777	23,047,471	22,197,770	21,424,079	22,169,137	23,303,571	22,162,590	21,416,021
Self-employment tax	1,683,987	1,647,329	1,576,826	1,507,575	1,440,902	1,381,109	1,444,342	1,618,655	1,543,520	1,512,419
State payroll assessment	826,609	1,914,665	1,941,063	1,869,854	1,740,509	1,755,311	1,490,098	1,432,590	1,338,318	1,236,672
Federal assistance	6,001,519	5,993,929	6,563,936	5,431,231	4,008,381	6,567,015	572,074	639,972	439,135	775,223
State assistance	29,688	723,888	•	1,992	350	1	•	•	1	•
Interest	52,359	85,619	77,171	62,653	60,462	56,200	293,980	686,566	900,290	730,232
Other revenues	433,787	366,327	325,339	276,975	497,739	343,208	306,755	118,835	169,956	360,292
Total nonoperating revenues	39,792,878	36,106,494	35,376,112	32,197,751	29,946,113	31,526,922	26,276,386	27,800,189	26,553,809	26,030,859
Income (loss) before capital contributions	7,701,297	4,722,668	5,756,001	3,498,448	2,827,948	3,955,691	(1,463,011)	1,525,090	1,550,673	3,691,289
Capital contributions Federal and state grants for capital acquisition	18,893,678	8,564,456	2,165,876	16,366,583	14,887,318	22,568,387	13,542,263	9,713,840	11,534,698	10,593,169
Changes in net position before depreciation, OPEB expense, and gain (loss) on sale of assets	26,594,975	13,287,124	7,921,877	19,865,031	17,715,266	26,524,078	12,079,252	11,238,930	13,085,371	14,284,458
Depreciation	(11,152,433)	(10,519,936)	(10,561,286)	(10,169,031)	(9,557,098)	(7,313,600)	(6,781,286)	(6,805,823)	(4,738,055)	(6,323,287)
OPEB expense	(461,715)	(555,778)	(614,905)	(586,592)	(641,742)	(624,953)	(635,353)	•	•	•
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(2,877)	13,052	7,635	2,434	(28,913)	(3,060,580)	6,208	7,374	12,928	10,295
Changes in net position	\$ 14,977,950	\$ 2,224,462 \$	(3,246,679)	9,111,842	\$ 7,487,513	\$ 15,524,945	\$ 4,668,821	\$ 4,440,481	\$ 8,360,244	\$ 7,971,466

Total Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

	Outstandir June 3	_
2015	\$	-
2014		-
2013		-
2012		-
2011		-
2010		-
2009		-
2008	3,000,	000
2007	3,000,	000
2006		-

Demographic and Economic Information

Principal Employers of Lane County Current Year and Eight Years Ago¹

		2015			2007 ¹	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Lane County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Lane County Employment
PeaceHealth Oregon	5,500	1	3.6%	4,300	1	2.7%
University of Oregon	5,406	2	3.6%	3,676	2	2.3%
U.S. Government	1,575	3	1.0%	1,800	5	1.1%
City of Eugene	1,369	4	0.9%	1,452	7	0.9%
Springfield School District	1,283	5	0.9%	1,162	8	0.7%
Lane County	1,279	6	0.8%	1,786	6	1.1%
State of Oregon	1,229	7	0.8%	1,100	9	0.7%
Eugene 4J School District	1,163	8	0.8%	2,025	4	1.3%
Lane Community College	1,009	9	0.7%	2,531	3	1.6%
McKenzie-Willamette Medical Center	895	10	0.6%	750	10	0.5%
	20,708		13.7%	20,582		13.1%
Total Employees	150,800	2		156,800		

¹Data from nine years ago (2005), as required per governmental accounting standards, is not available.

Source: Eugene Chamber of Commerce, Oregon Employment Department and City of Eugene

²Per Bureau of Labor Statistics, total nonfarm employement (January)

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

			Lane County,	Oregon	
	Lane Transit District		Personal	Per Capita	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population (a)	Population (c)	Income (,000) (c)	Income (c)	Rate (d)
2006	283,300	339,926	11,132,293	32,749	5.4%
2007	286,400	344,844	11,499,206	33,346	5.0%
2008	289,300	348,176	11,893,365	34,159	5.8%
2009	291,600	350,850	11,626,054	33,137	12.7%
2010	296,243	351,848	11,710,885	33,284	11.0%
2011	296,300	353,495	12,261,473	34,686	9.6%
2012	297,500	354,506	12,784,129	36,062	8.8%
2013	298,300	356,212	13,047,961	36,630	8.1%
2014	300,000	358,805	NA	NA	7.0%
2015	302,200	NA	NA	NA	6.1%

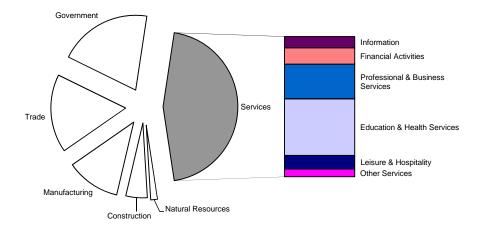
<u>Notes</u>

- a. District population in census years determined by Lane Council of Governments from U.S. Census Bureau census tract information. Intervening years are an estimate using information from the Census and the annual population estimates published by the Population Research Center at Portland State University.
- b. Reported population of communities within District boundaries of Eugene, Springfield, Cottage Grove, Creswell, Veneta, Junction City, and Lowell.

Source

- c. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- d. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Rates presented are annualized for the calendar year.

Lane County 2014 Covered Payroll

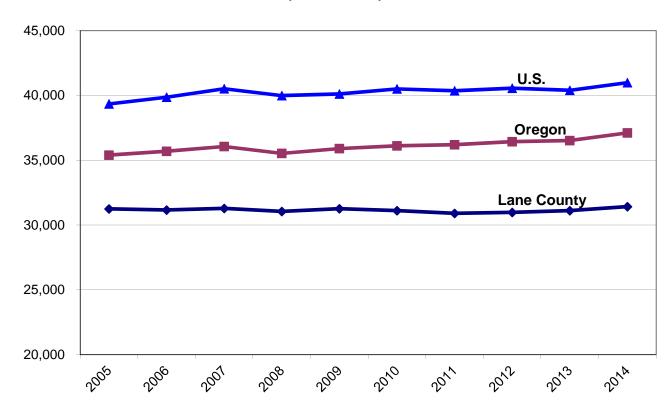


2014 Covered Employment and Wages Summary Report for Lane County

		Covered Er	mployment		Covered	Payroll		
		_			Total		Α	verage
	Units	Count	Percent	in	Millions	Percent		Pay
Natural Resources	225	2,142	1.5%	\$	82	1.5%	\$	38,351
Construction	880	5,559	3.9%	\$	259	4.6%	\$	46,591
Manufacturing	541	12,998	9.1%	\$	652	11.7%	\$	50,182
Trade	2,008	28,146	19.8%	\$	947	16.9%	\$	33,631
Service								
Information	160	3,409	2.4%	\$	204	3.7%	\$	59,974
Financial Activities	1,026	6,063	4.3%	\$	295	5.3%	\$	48,698
Professional & Business Services	1,612	15,666	11.0%	\$	625	11.2%	\$	39,884
Education & Health Services	1,298	22,906	16.1%	\$	1,020	18.2%	\$	44,533
Leisure & Hospitality	1,067	15,540	10.9%	\$	247	4.4%	\$	15,865
Other Services	1,830	5,530	3.9%	\$	138	2.5%	\$	25,021
Total Service	6,993	69,114	48.6%	\$	2,530	45.3%	\$	36,599
Unclassified/other	24	14						
Government	391	24,156	17.0%	\$	1,128	20.1%	\$	46,685
Total 2014 Covered Employment	11,062	142,129	<u>100</u> %	\$	5,597	<u>100.1</u> %	\$	39,383

Source: Oregon Employment Department

Inflation Adjusted Annual Average Wages (2004 Dollars)



Source: Oregon Employment Department

Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area (Lane County) Economic Data Sheet

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Total population	358,805	356,125	354,200	353,155	352,010	350,952	348,804	345,726	341,988	337,995
Civilian labor force Unemployment Unemployment rate Total employment	169,571 11,980 7.1% 157,591	167,480 13,295 7.9% 154,185	172,226 15,268 8.9% 156,958	177,236 17,084 9.6% 160,152	178,304 19,648 11.0% 158,656	183,890 22,635 12.3% 161,255	183,901 12,403 6.7% 171,498	181,463 9,403 5.2% 172,060	177,402 9,607 5.4% 167,795	173,600 10,664 6.1% 162,936
Total nonfarm employment Percent annual change	147,900 2.4%	144,400 1.4%	142,400 0.5%	141,700 0.2%	141,400 -0.8%	142,600 -8.0%	155,000 -1.4%	157,200 1.8%	154,400 2.7%	150,300 3.3%
Total personal income (millions) Percent annual change Per capita personal income - Lane County Per capita personal income - Oregon Per capita personal income - U.S. As percent of Oregon As percent of U.S.	\$41,681 NA \$41,681 NA NA	\$13,048.0 2.1% \$36,630 \$39,848 \$44,765 92%	\$12,784.1 4.3% \$36,062 \$39,258 \$44,200 92% 82%	\$12,261.5 4.7% \$34,686 \$37,707 \$42,332 92% 82%	\$11,710.9 0.7% \$33,284 \$35,898 \$40,144 93%	\$11,626.1 -2.2% \$33,137 \$35,671 \$39,379 93% 84%	\$11,893.4 3.4% \$34,159 \$36,797 \$40,873 93% 84%	\$11,499.2 3.3% \$33,346 \$35,818 \$39,804 93% 84%	\$11,132.3 8.8% \$32,749 \$34,666 \$38,127 94% 86%	\$10,230.8 5.6% \$30,464 \$32,564 \$35,888 94%
Total covered payroll (millions) Percent annual change Average annual wage - Lane County Average annual wage - Oregon Average annual wage - U.S. As percent of Oregon As percent of U.S.	\$5,597.4 5.2% \$39,372 \$46,515 \$51,361 85% 77%	\$5,319.4 3.3% \$38,355 \$45,020 \$49,804 85% 77%	\$5,148.6 3.2% \$37,634 \$44,258 \$49,289 85% 76%	\$4,987.2 3.3% \$36,781 \$43,090 \$48,043 85% 77%	\$4,829.6 0.3% \$35,895 \$41,675 \$46,751 86% 77%	\$4,814.6 -7.9% \$35,497 \$40,757 \$45,559 87% 78%	\$5,225,4 0.8% \$35,380 \$40,500 \$45,563 87% 78%	\$5,185.8 4.8% \$34,329 \$39,569 \$44,458 87% 77%	\$4,947.8 5.5% \$33,257 \$38,077 \$42,535 87% 78%	\$4,691.1 7.3% \$32,295 \$36,588 \$40,677 88% 79%
Inflation adjusted wages and income (2002 Dollars) CPI-U; U.S. city average Blow-up factor; 2002 = 100 Inflation adjusted total covered payroll (millions) Percent annual change Inflation adjusted average annual wage - Lane County Inflation adjusted average annual wage - Oregon Inflation adjusted average annual wage - U.S. Inflation adjusted per capita personal income - Lane County Inflation adjusted per capita personal income - Oregon Inflation adjusted per capita personal income - U.S.	236.736 0.7979 \$4,470.0 377% \$31,410 \$37,110 \$40,980 NA \$33,260 \$33,260	232.957 0.8109 \$4,310.0 1.7% \$31,100 \$36,510 \$40,390 \$29,700 \$32,310 \$36,300	229.594 0.8228 \$4,240.0 1.2% \$30,970 \$36,420 \$40,550 \$29,670 \$32,300 \$33,300	224.939 0.8398 \$4,190.0 0.2% \$36,800 \$36,190 \$40,350 \$29,130 \$37,670 \$35,550	218.056 0.8663 \$4,180.0 -1.4% \$31,100 \$36,100 \$40,500 \$28,830 \$31,100 \$33,780	214.537 0.8805 \$4,240,0 -7.4% \$31,260 \$35,890 \$40,110 \$29,180 \$34,670	215.3 0.8774 \$4,580.0 -3.2% \$31,040 \$35,530 \$39,980 \$32,997 \$32,997 \$32,290 \$35,860	207.3 0.9112 \$4,730.0 1.9% \$31,280 \$36,060 \$40,510 \$30,380 \$32,640 \$36,270	201.6 0.9370 \$4,640.0 2.2% \$31,160 \$35,680 \$39,860 \$30,690 \$32,480 \$32,480	195.3 0.9672 \$4,540.0 3.9% \$31,240 \$35,390 \$39,340 \$29,460 \$31,500 \$34,710

Source: Oregon Employment Department

Operating Information

Expenditures and Full-Time Equivalent Employees (FTEs) by Organizational Units Budgetary Basis Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	2015	2014	2013	2012	Restated 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Operations										
Transportation	\$ 19,006,723 \$	17,775,567	\$ 17,278,362 \$	16,942,573 \$	16,670,775	\$ 17,382,338 \$	3 17,136,681 \$	16,164,511 \$	15,121,010 \$	13,711,174
Percent of total operations	36.7%	36.3%	37.6%	38.3%	39.1%	41.7%	41.6%	44.2%	42.1%	46.1%
FTEs at end of period	203.6	202.0	202.0	196.0	192.0	218.0	220.0	230.0	222.0	216.0
Maintenance	9,893,756	9,712,732	9,472,080	9,720,961	9,120,608	8,273,970	8,294,280	8,774,908	7,639,613	7,021,403
Percent of total operations	19.1%	19.8%	20.6%	22.0%	21.4%	19.9%	20.1%	24.0%	21.3%	23.6%
FTEs at end of period	52.5	51.1	51.3	51.3	50.3	52.3	52.3	53.3	53.3	52.3
Customer Service, Marketing, and Planning	3,284,172	3,733,361	3,150,530	2,314,056	2,086,436	2,095,936	2,120,225	1,909,113	5,137,385	1,776,182
Percent of total operations	6.3%	%9.7	%6'9	5.2%	4.9%	2.0%	5.1%	5.2%	14.3%	%0'9
FTEs at end of period	27.9	22.2	22.3	20.9	18.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	21.2
Administration	3,835,509	4,406,890	4,002,512	4,249,252	4,190,798	4,193,529	4,068,295	3,856,919	3,592,291	3,423,425
Percent of total operations	7.4%	%0.6	8.7%	%9.6	9.8%	10.1%	%6.6	10.5%	10.0%	11.5%
FTEs at end of period	25.8	35.0	31.0	31.5	32.0	34.0	34.0	35.0	32.8	31.4
Insurance and Risk	1,092,057	1,084,682	1,224,832	1,083,175	1,054,273	1,140,688	1,110,076	851,032	1,003,228	894,346
Percent of total operations	2.1%	2.2%	2.7%	2.4%	2.5%	2.7%	2.7%	2.3%	2.8%	3.0%
FTEs at end of period	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accessible Services and Medicaid	14,617,685	12,314,118	10,841,746	9,965,985	9,561,690	8,571,459	8,465,040	5,052,516	3,444,846	2,928,999
Percent of total operations	28.3%	25.1%	23.6%	22.5%	22.4%	20.6%	20.5%	13.8%	%9.6	8.6
FTEs at end of period	2.6	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	1.6
Total operations	51,729,902	49,027,350	45,970,062	44,276,002	42,684,580	41,657,920	41,194,597	36,608,999	35,938,373	29,755,529
Total FTEs at end of period	312.4	313.3	309.5	303.0	295.5	326.5	328.5	341.5	330.2	322.5
Capital transfers from General Fund Capital transfers from Accessible Services Fund	3,351,100	1,792,700	1,600,000	3,031,900	4.769	33.899	1,752,000	2,211,600	-109.144	2,605,600
Total operations and capital transfers	\$ 55,081,002	\$ 50,820,050	47,577,298	47,332,964	3 42,689,349	\$ 41,691,819	3 42,946,597	38,833,578	36,047,517 \$	32,3

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years Ended June 30

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Miles of busway	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	,
Rolling stock										
40-foot buses	75	62	62	113	89	26	26	26	114	89
60-foot buses	24	15	15	15	15	12	15	15	2	2
< 40-foot buses	ဇ	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	1	11
EmX vehicles	11	1	11	1	11	1	9	9	9	1
Total rolling stock	113	111	111	145	121	127	125	125	136	105
Accessible Services vehicles	79	82	82	92	83	80	29	70	89	54
Primary stations	2	7	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	2
EmX station platforms	28	28	28	28	28	10	10	10	10	1
Other stations	6	6	6	o	6	6	o	6	6	6
Shelters	183	193	193	193	193	193	193	217	218	195
Signed stops	1,277	1,262	1,261	1,261	1,387	1,517	1,511	1,511	1,511	1,501
Maintenance facility	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration facility	-	_	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-
Brokerage/paratransit facility	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-

Operating Revenue & Cost Measurements - Fixed-Route System Last Ten Fiscal Years

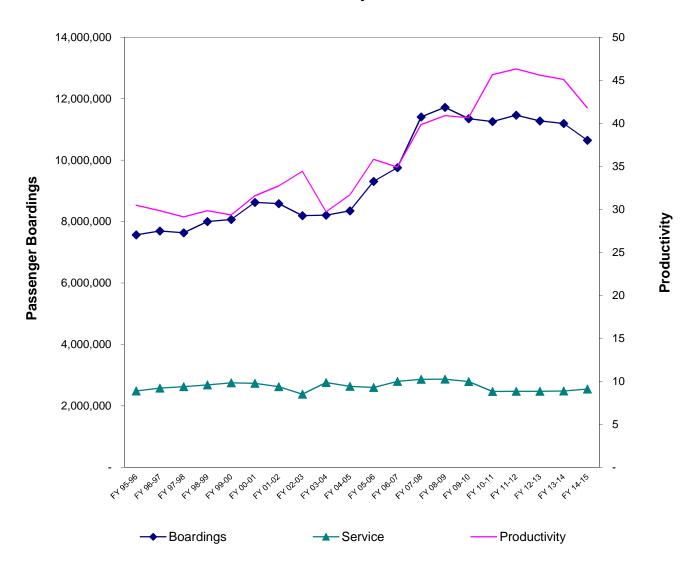
Fiscal Year	Operating* Revenues	Operating* Expenses	Revenue Margin	Revenue Hours	Percent Change	Operating Revenue / Service Hour	Percent Change	Operating Expenses / Revenue Hour	Percent Change
2014-15	\$ 7,893,869	\$ 38,541,017	20.5%	254,779	3.0%	\$30.98	-0.9%	\$151.27	2.0%
2013-14	7,733,140	36,660,628	21.1%	247,286	0.0%	31.27	1.2%	148.25	2.4%
2012-13	7,640,918	35,813,713	21.3%	247,303	-0.1%	30.90	0.5%	144.82	4.1%
2011-12	7,608,840	34,411,349	22.1%	247,480	0.4%	30.75	-7.0%	139.05	1.2%
2010-11	8,150,969	33,880,028	24.1%	246,556	-11.7%	33.06	16.4%	137.41	10.3%
2009-10	7,933,611	34,792,955	22.8%	279,241	-2.6%	28.41	5.4%	124.60	7.8%
2008-09	7,723,787	33,118,646	23.3%	286,654	0.1%	26.94	5.3%	115.54	3.5%
2007-08	7,320,990	31,952,517	22.9%	286,226	2.3%	25.58	14.9%	111.63	5.8%
2006-07	6,226,293	29,498,214	21.1%	279,688	7.6%	22.26	-2.9%	105.47	1.7%
2005-06	5,961,498	26,968,032	22.1%	259,985	-1.3%	22.93	15.1%	103.73	8.0%

Fiscal Year	Employees	Revenue Hours / Employees	Percent Change	Passenger Fares	Passenger Boardings	Passenger Fares / Boarding	Operating Expenses / Boarding	Percent Change	Revenue Hours / Trip
2014-15	312	816.60	3.4%	\$ 7,200,332	10,644,718	0.68	3.62	10.5%	0.024
2013-14	313	790.05	-1.0%	6,948,609	11,192,854	0.62	3.28	3.1%	0.022
2012-13	310	797.75	-2.3%	6,914,308	11,276,282	0.61	3.18	5.8%	0.022
2011-12	303	816.77	-1.3%	6,738,397	11,463,124	0.59	3.00	-0.3%	0.022
2010-11	298	827.37	-7.0%	7,393,034	11,253,628	0.66	3.01	-1.8%	0.022
2009-10	314	889.30	4.2%	7,032,027	11,349,579	0.62	3.07	8.5%	0.025
2008-09	336	853.14	1.9%	6,602,497	11,718,189	0.56	2.83	0.9%	0.024
2007-08	342	836.92	0.8%	6,122,561	11,406,316	0.54	2.80	-7.3%	0.025
2006-07	337	829.93	0.2%	5,213,706	9,757,984	0.53	3.02	4.4%	0.029
2005-06	314	827.98	-0.4%	5,078,340	9,309,528	0.55	2.90	-4.5%	0.028

Fiscal Year	Miles	Operating Expenses / Mile	Percent Change	Fleet Maintenance Costs	Fleet Maintenance Cost / Mile	Percent Change	Fuel Cost	Fuel Cost / Mile	Percent Change
2014-15	3,554,759	10.842	4.5%	\$ 5,740,550	1.615	10.1%	\$ 2,030,066	0.571	-21.8%
2013-14	3,534,864	10.371	1.7%	5,186,756	1.467	3.0%	2,580,822	0.730	-1.4%
2012-13	3,512,473	10.196	5.2%	5,002,973	1.424	-1.5%	2,601,015	0.741	-7.8%
2011-12	3,549,802	9.694	2.6%	5,134,802	1.447	3.0%	2,850,255	0.803	15.1%
2010-11	3,587,553	9.444	10.1%	5,040,041	1.405	11.7%	2,502,026	0.697	45.7%
2009-10	4,054,883	8.581	6.2%	5,100,175	1.258	6.5%	1,941,476	0.479	-9.3%
2008-09	4,097,838	8.082	3.1%	4,837,587	1.181	3.7%	2,162,213	0.528	-22.6%
2007-08	4,076,093	7.839	7.1%	4,638,977	1.138	7.1%	2,778,672	0.682	37.6%
2006-07	4,029,581	7.320	6.1%	4,281,047	1.062	0.2%	1,996,335	0.495	6.3%
2005-06	3,909,576	6.898	3.5%	4,145,377	1.060	4.3%	1,821,552	0.466	36.9%

^{*}Excludes Accessible Services, depreciation, and OPEB expense

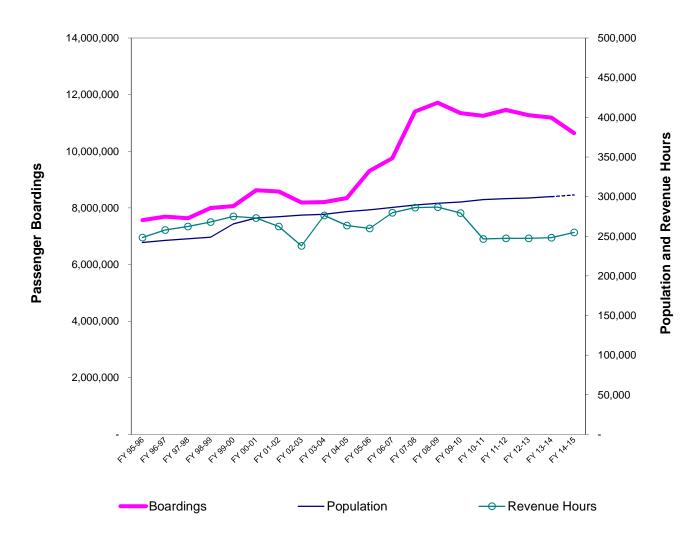
Ridership, Service, and Productivity Last Twenty Years



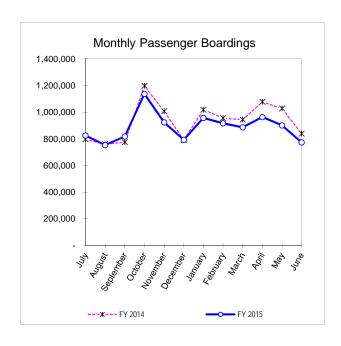
Ridership, Fare, Service, and Productivity Last Twenty One Years

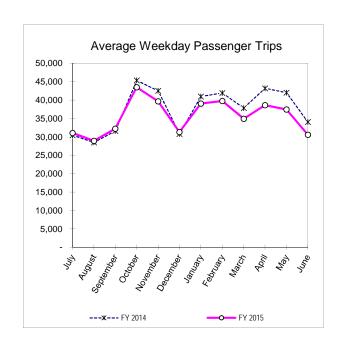
Fiscal Year	Revenue Hours	Percent Change	Passenger Boardings	Percent Change	System Productivity	Percent Change	Base Cash Fare
2014-15	254,779	2.7%	10,644,718	-4.9%	41.780	-7.36%	\$ 1.75
2013-14	248,172	0.4%	11,192,854	-0.7%	45.101	-1.09%	1.75
2012-13	247,303	-0.1%	11,276,282	-1.6%	45.597	-1.56%	1.75
2011-12	247,480	0.4%	11,463,124	1.9%	46.319	1.48%	1.50
2010-11	246,556	-11.7%	11,253,628	-0.8%	45.643	12.30%	1.50
2009-10	279,241	-2.6%	11,349,579	-3.1%	40.644	-0.57%	1.50
2008-09	286,654	0.1%	11,718,189	2.7%	40.879	2.58%	1.50
2007-08	286,226	2.3%	11,406,316	16.9%	39.851	14.22%	1.25
2006-07	279,688	7.6%	9,757,984	4.8%	34.889	-2.57%	1.25
2005-06	259,985	-1.3%	9,309,528	11.5%	35.808	13.04%	1.25
2004-05	263,537	-4.6%	8,348,313	1.7%	31.678	6.60%	1.25
2003-04	276,207	16.1%	8,207,818	0.2%	29.716	-13.67%	1.25
2002-03	237,949	-9.3%	8,190,436	-4.6%	34.421	5.18%	1.25
2001-02	262,242	-4.0%	8,582,138	-0.5%	32.726	3.64%	1.25
2000-01	273,102	-0.7%	8,623,496	6.9%	31.576	7.63%	1.00
1999-00	274,939	2.6%	8,066,108	0.8%	29.338	-1.70%	1.00
1998-99	267,986	2.2%	7,998,370	4.7%	29.846	2.49%	1.00
1997-98	262,223	1.7%	7,635,934	-0.8%	29.120	-2.42%	1.00
1996-97	257,821	3.8%	7,693,820	1.7%	29.842	-2.06%	0.80
1995-96	248,365	1.5%	7,567,219	7.8%	30.468	6.22%	0.80

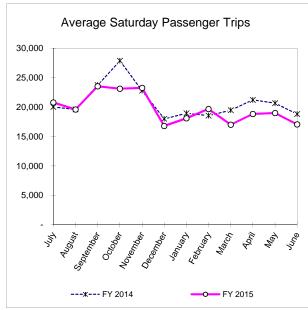
Ridership, Service, and Service Area Population Last Twenty Years

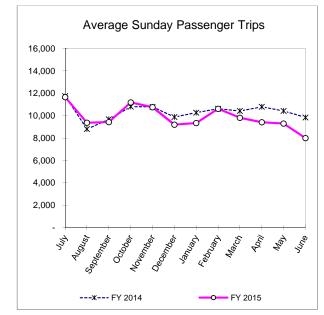


Ridership Trends by Month For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

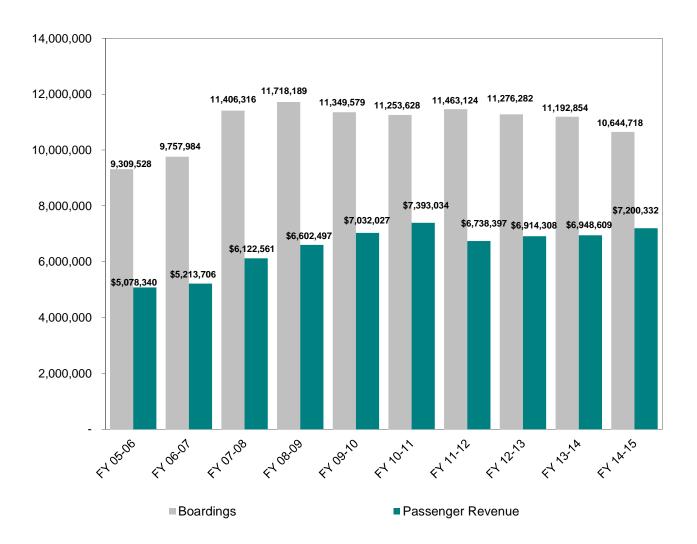




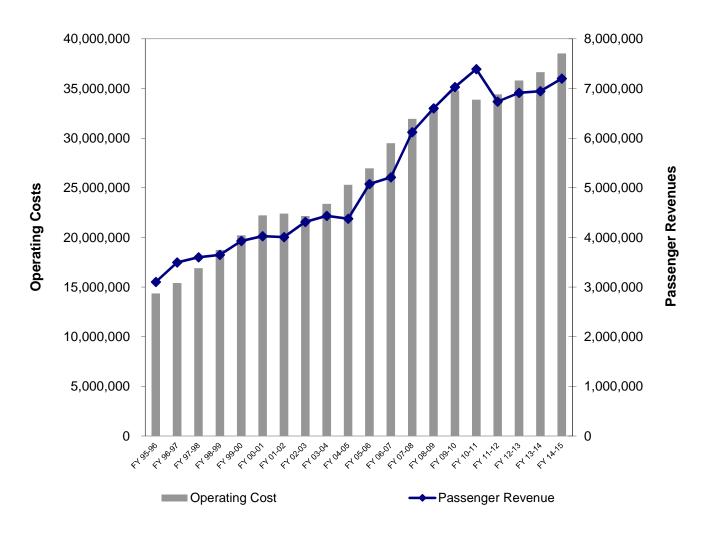




Passenger Boardings and Passenger Revenues Last Ten Years



Passenger Revenues and Operating Costs Last Twenty Years

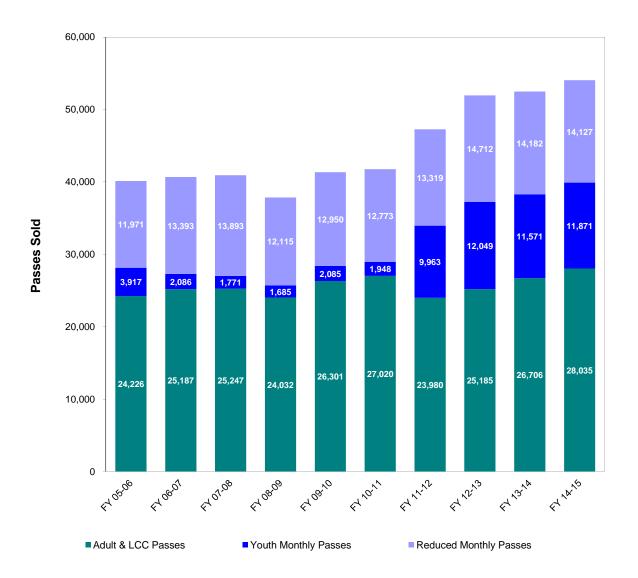


Transportation Revenues by Category Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	Fare Box Cash	Percentage Change	Ten-Ride Ticket Books and Agency Day Passes	Percentage Change	Tokens	Percentage Change	Monthly Passes	Percentage Change
2014-15	\$ 2,029,943	1.1%	\$ 271,712	3.7%	\$ -	-	\$ 2,256,492	10.1%
2013-14	2,007,169	-3.6%	262,028	15.3%	-	-	2,049,093	2.0%
2012-13	2,081,984	0.5%	227,321	46.1%	-	-	2,008,581	9.1%
2011-12	2,072,448	12.3%	155,643	34.1%	-	-	1,841,167	4.0%
2010-11	1,845,360	-2.6%	116,097	-	-	-100.0%	1,770,098	12.2%
2009-10	1,894,748	7.0%	-	-	55	-99.9%	1,578,238	5.3%
2008-09	1,770,345	13.9%	-	-	96,410	-64.9%	1,499,146	12.2%
2007-08	1,554,195	7.5%	-	-	274,558	22.5%	1,336,334	-29.5%
2006-07	1,446,082	4.1%	-	-	224,071	-0.1%	1,894,398	-1.3%
2005-06	1,388,934	2.8%	-	-	224,200	0.1%	1,918,774	29.9%

	Student Transit Pass	Percentage		Percentage	Special	Percentage	Total Transportation	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Program	Change	Group Pass	Change	Service	Change	Revenues	Change
2014-15	\$ -	-	\$ 2,642,185	0.5%	\$ 255,587	-21.2%	\$ 7,455,919	2.5%
2013-14	-	-	2,630,319	1.3%	324,531	-26.1%	7,273,140	-1.1%
2012-13	-	-	2,596,422	-2.7%	439,110	-25.4%	7,353,418	0.4%
2011-12	-	-100.0%	2,669,139	12.1%	588,943	22.1%	7,327,340	-7.0%
2010-11	1,281,331	1.9%	2,380,148	3.4%	482,435	-23.9%	7,875,469	2.7%
2009-10	1,257,585	8.9%	2,301,401	10.6%	634,084	-17.7%	7,666,111	4.0%
2008-09	1,155,335	0.3%	2,081,261	15.3%	769,994	-11.2%	7,372,491	5.5%
2007-08	1,152,276	-	1,805,198	9.5%	867,501	25.0%	6,990,062	18.3%
2006-07	-	-	1,649,155	6.6%	693,785	11.1%	5,907,491	3.6%
2005-06	-	-	1,546,432	16.7%	624,564	5.8%	5,702,904	14.8%

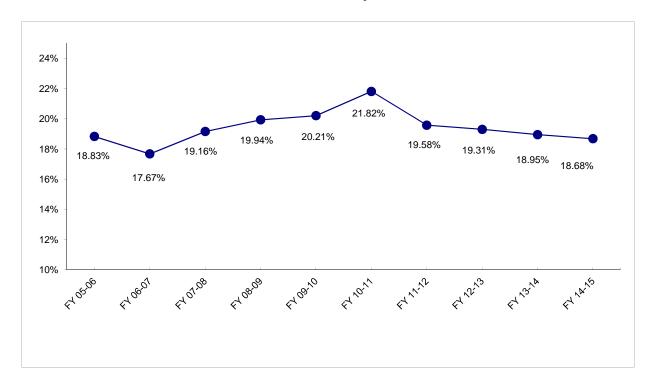
Annual Monthly Pass Sales Last Ten Years



Passenger Revenues



Farebox Recovery Ratio



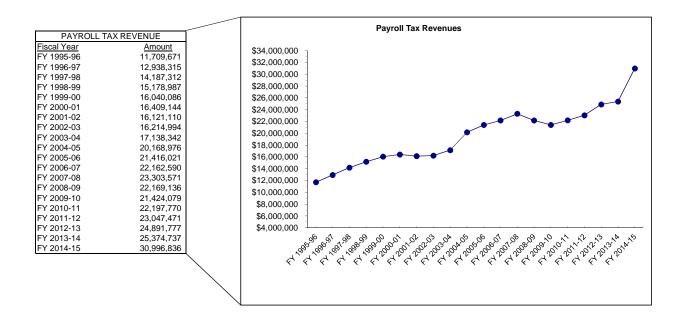
Fare Structure Last Ten Years

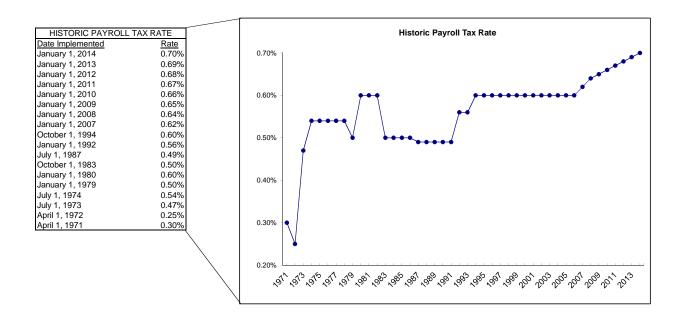
	Cash Fare		Cash Fare		Cash Fare		Cash Fare	
June 30	Adult	Age - Adult	Youth	Age - Youth	Senior	Age - Senior	Reduced	Age - Reduced
2015	\$ 1.75	19-64	\$ 0.85	6-18	\$ free	65 +	\$ 0.85	NA
2014	1.75	19-64	0.85	6-18	free	65 +	0.85	NA
2013	1.75	19-64	0.85	6-18	free	65 +	0.85	NA
2012	1.50	19-64	0.75	6-18	free	65 +	0.75	NA
2011	1.50	19-64	0.75	6-18	free	65 +	0.75	NA
2010	1.50	19-64	0.75	6-18	free	65 +	0.75	NA
2009	1.50	19-64	0.75	6-18	free	65 +	0.75	NA
2008	1.25	19-61	0.60	6-18	0.60	62-69	0.60	NA
2007	1.25	19-61	0.60	6-18	0.60	62-69	0.60	NA
2006	1.25	19-61	0.60	6-18	0.60	62-69	0.60	NA

June 30	One-Month Adult Pass	One-Month Youth Pass	One-Month Senior Pass	One-Month Reduced Pass	Three-Month Adult Pass	Three-Month Youth Pass	Three-Month Senior Pass	Three-Month Reduced Pass
2015	\$ 50.00	\$ 25.00	\$ free	\$ 25.00	\$ 135.00	\$ 67.50	\$ free	\$ 67.50
2014	48.00	24.00	free	24.00	130.00	65.00	free	65.00
2013	48.00	24.00	free	24.00	130.00	65.00	free	65.00
2012	48.00	24.00	free	24.00	130.00	65.00	free	65.00
2011	48.00	24.00	free	24.00	130.00	65.00	free	65.00
2010	45.00	22.50	free	22.50	130.00	65.00	free	65.00
2009	45.00	22.50	free	22.50	122.00	61.00	free	61.00
2008	38.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	103.00	51.50	51.50	51.50
2007	35.00	17.50	17.50	17.50	95.00	47.50	47.50	47.50
2006	35.00	17.50	17.50	17.50	95.00	47.50	47.50	47.50

	RideSource	RideSource	Ride <i>Source</i> Shopper Fare	Ride <i>Source</i> Ten-Ride	Tokens Package of 5	Ten-Ride Ticket Book	Ten-Ride Ticket Book
June 30	Regular Fare	Escort Fare	(Roundtrip)	Ticket Book	Adult	Adult	Reduced
2015	\$ 3.50	\$ 3.50	\$ 2.00	\$ 35.00	\$ discontinued	\$ 16.00	\$ 8.00
2014	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	16.00	8.00
2013	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	16.00	8.00
2012	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	NA	NA
2011	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	NA	NA
2010	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	NA	NA
2009	3.00	3.00	2.00	30.00	discontinued	NA	NA
2008	2.50	2.50	2.00	20.00	5.50	NA	NA
2007	2.50	2.50	2.00	20.00	5.50	NA	NA
2006	2.50	2.50	2.00	20.00	5.50	NA	NA

Comparative Payroll Tax Information Last Twenty Years





Miscellaneous Data June 30, 2015

Date of creation of District	November 23, 1970
Form of government	Board of Directors with full-time General Manager
Number of Board members	7
Type of tax support - employer payroll tax	0.70 percent tax rate
County in which the District operates	Lane
Square miles within the District boundaries	522
Service area of District (based on definitions contained in Americans with Disabilities Act [ADA])	241.28
Number of routes	34
Population of District (2010 LLS, Census)	296 243

DISCLOSURES AND COMMENTS REQUIRED BY STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS

Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-050 through 162-10-320 of the <u>Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations</u>, prescribed by the Secretary of State in cooperation with the Oregon State Board of Accountancy, enumerate the financial statements, schedules, comments, and disclosures required in audit reports. The required financial statements and schedules are set forth in preceding sections of this report. Required comments and disclosures related to the audit of such statements and schedules are set forth following.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Lane Transit District Springfield, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of Lane Transit District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2015.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Deficiencies in internal control were reported to management in a letter dated December 14, 2015.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of the District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, A Shareholder

December 14, 2015



















Lane Transit District